THE DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, State Printer.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The SENTINEL is published every morning except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month,	$1.00
For two months,	2.00
Three months,	3.00
Six months,	5.00

☞ We solicit the aid of our friends in extending our circulation.

DAILY SENTINEL.

"I WOULD RATHER BE RIGHT THAN BE PRESIDENT."—Henry Clay.

VOL. I. RALEIGH, TUESDAY, MAY 1, 1866. NO. 223.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements occupying not more than 10 lines of minion type which constitutes a square:

1 Insertion	$1.00	2 weeks	$ 7.00
2 "	1.50	1 month	10.00
3 "	2.00	2 months	15.00
4 "	2.50	3 "	20.00
5 "	3.00	6 "	30.00
1 week	3.50		

Special notices, under a special head, will be charged ondollar per square for each insertion.

Funeral notices will be charged as advertisements.

The simple announcement of a death or marriage will not be charged.

[OFFICIAL.]

SCHEDULE OF STAMP DUTIES.

FROM AND AFTER AUGUST 1, 1864.

Acknoweldgement,

Of deeds — exempt.

Affidavit.

Affidavit — 5 cts.
Affidavit in suits or legal proceedings — exempt.

Agreement,

Or Appraisment (for each sheet, or piece of paper on which the same is written) — 5cts.

Assignment,

Or transfer of mortgage, lease, or policy of insurance, the same duly as the original instrument.
Assignment of patent right — 10cts.

Bank Checks,

Drafts or orders, &c., at sight or on demand — 2cts.

Bills of Exchange,

[FOREIGN,]

[Foreign,) drawn in, but payable out of, the United States, each bill of set of three or more, must be stamped.

For every bill of each set, where the sum made payable does not exceed one hundred dollars, or the equivalent thereof in any foreign currency in which such bills may be expressed, according to the standard of value fixed by the United States — 2cts

For every additional hundred dollars, or fractional part thereof, in excess of one hundred dollars — 2cts.

[Foreign,) drawn in, but payable out of, the United States, (if drawn singly or in duplicate,) pay the same duty as Inland Bills of Exchange.

[The acceptor or acceptors of any Bill of Exchange, or order for the payment of any sum of money drawn, or purporting to be drawn, in any foreign country, but payable in the United States, must, before paying or accepting the same, place thereupon a stamp indicating the duty.]

Bills of Exchange,

[INLAND,

(Inland, draft or order) payable otherwise than at sight or on demand and any promissory note, which may be payable on demand or at a time designated, (except bank notes issued for circulation, and checks made and intended to be, and which shall be forthwith presented for payment,) for a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars

For every additional $100, or fractional part thereof — 5 cts.

[The warrant of attorney to confess judgment on a note or bond is exempt from stamp duty, if the note or bond is properly stamped.]

Bills of Lading,

Of vessels from ports of the United States to British North America — ex mpt

Bills of lading or receipt for goods to any part of the United States — 10 cts.

Bills of Sale.

Of any vessel, or part thereof, when the consideration does not exceed five hundred dollars — 50 cts.

Bill of sale exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000 — $1 00

Bill of Sale exceeding $1,000, for each $500, or fractional part thereof — 50cts.

Bills of Sale of personal property, other than ship or vessel.) — 5 cts

Bonds,

Personal, for the payment of money. (See Mortgage.) — $1 00

Bond for indemnifying any person for the payment of any sum of money, where ultimately recoverable thereupon is $1,000, or less — 50 cts.

Bond where the money recoverable exceeds $1,000, or fractional part thereof — 50 cts.

Bond of any description, other than such as are required in legal proceedings, and such as are not otherwise charged in this Schedule — 25 cts.

Certificates,

Of deposit in bank, sum not exceeding one hundred dollars — 1 ctr.

Certificates of deposit in bank, sum exceeding one hundred dollars — 5 c s.

Certificate of stock in an incorporated company — 25 cts

Certificates (general, — 5cts

Certificates of record upon the instrument recorded — exempt.

Certificates of record upon the book — exempt

Certificate of weight or measurement of animals, coal, wood, or other articles, except weighers' and measurers' returns — exempt.

Certificates of a qualification of an Justice of the Peace, Commissioner of Deeds, or Notary Public — 5 cts.

Certificates of search of records — 5 cts.

Certificates that certain papers are on file. — 5 cts

Certificates that certain papers cannot be found — 5 c s.

Certificates of redemption of land sold for taxes — 5cts

Certificates of birth, marriage, and death — 5 cts.

Certificates of qualification of school teachers — 5 ctr.

Certificates of profits in an incorporated company for a sum not less than $1, and not exceeding $50 — 10 cts.

Certificates exceeding $50, and not exceeding $1,000 — 25 cts

Certificates exceeding 1,000 for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof — 25cts.

Certificates of damage, or otherwise, and all other certificates or documents issued by any port warden, marine surveyor, or other person acting as such — 25 c s.

Certified Transcripts,

Of judgments, satisfaction of judgments, and of all papers recorded on file — 5 cts.

(N. B.—As a general rule, every certificate which has, or may have, a legal value in any court of law or equity, will require a stamp duty of 5 cts.)

Charter Party,

Or letter, memorandum, or other writing between the captain, owner, or agent of any ship, vessel, or steamer, and any other person, relating to the charter of the same, if the registered tonnage of said ship, vessel, or steamer does not exceed one hundred and fifty tons, and not exceeding three hundred tons — $1 50

Charter party exceeding three hundred tons, and not exceeding six hundred tons — $3 00

Charter party exceeding six hundred tons — $5 00

Check,

Or order for the payment, of any sum of money exceeding $10, drawn upon any person other than a bank, banker or trust company, at sight or on demand — 2 cts.

Contract.

(See Agreement.)

Contract, broker's. — 10 cts.

Conveyance,

Deed, instrument, or writing, whereby lands, tenements, or other realty sold, shall be conveyed, the actual value of which does not exceed $500. — cts.

Conveyance exceeding $5 0, and not exceeding $1,000. — 1 00

Conveyance for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof in excess of $1,000. — cts.

Endorsement

Of any negotiable instrument. — mpt.

Entry

Of any goods, wares, or merchandise at any custom-house, either for consumption or warehousing, not exceeding one hundred dollars in value. — cts.

Entry exceeding one hundred dollars, and not exceeding five hundred dollars in value. — cts.

Entry exceeding five hundred dollars in value. — 1 00

Entry for withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse. — exempt.

Ganger

Returns, if for quantity not exceeding 500 gallons, gross. — cts.

Ganger, exceeding 500 gallons. — cts.

Insurance.

(Marine, Inland, and Fire,) when the consideration paid for the insurance, in cash, premium notes, or both, does not exceed $1 — cts.

Insurance, exceeding $10, and not exceeding $50 — cts.

Insurance exceeding $50 — cts.

Insurance (Life,) when the amount insured does not exceed $1 000. — cts.

Insurance exceeding $1,000, and not exceeding $5,000. — 00

Insurance, exceeding $5 000. — 00

Insurance, limited to injury to persons while traveling. — mpt.

Lease,

Of lands or tenements, where rent does not exceed $300 per annum. — cts.

Lease exceeding $300, for each additional $200 or fractional part thereof in excess of $3 0. — cts.

Lease perpetual, subject to stamp duty as a 'conveyance;' the stamp duty to be measured by resolving the annual rental into a capital sum — cts.

Lease, clause of guaranty of payment of rent, incorporated or indorsed, five cents additional. — cts.

Manifest,

For custom house entry or clearance of the cargo of any ship, vessel, or steamer for a foreign port, if the registered tonnage of such ship, vessel, or steamer does not exceed 300 tons. — 00

Manifest exceeding 300 tons and not exceeding 600 tons. — 00

Manifest exceeding 600 tons. — 00

Measurers' Returns,

If or quantity not exceeding one thousand bushels — cts.

Measurers' Returns exceeding one thousand bushels. — cts.

Mortgage,

Trust deed, bill of sale, or personal bond for the payment of money exceeding $ 0, and not exceeding $500. — cts.

Mortgage exceeding $5 0, for every additional $500, or fractional part thereof in excess of $5 0. — cts.

Pawners' Checks.

Pawners' Checks. — cts.

Pension Paper.

Powers of attorney, and all other papers relating to applications for bounties, arrearages of pay or pensions, or to receipt therefor. — pt.

Passage Tickets,

From the United States to a foreign port costing not more than $35. — cts.

Passage Ticket from the United States to a foreign port, costing more than $35, and not exceeding $5 — 00

Passage Ticket for every additional $50, or fractional part thereof in excess of $50. — 00

Power of Attorney,

To sell or transfer stock, or collect dividends the con. — cts.

Power of Attorney to vote at election of incorporated company — cts.

Power of Attorney to receive or collect rents — cts.

Power of Attorney to sell, or convey or rent, or lease real estate. — 10

Power of Attorney for any other purpose — cts.

Probate of Will,

Or letters of administration, where the value of both real and personal estate does not exceed $2,000. — 00

Probate of Will for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof in excess of $2,000 — cts.

Probate of Will, bonds of executors, administrators, guardians, and trustees, as each subject of a stamp duty of — 00

Power of Will certificate of appointment. — cts.

Protest

Upon bill, note, check, or draft — cts.

Promissory Note.

(See Bills of Exchange, Inland.)

Promissory deposit note to mutual insurance companies, when policy subject to duty. — pt.

Promissory Notes, renewal of, subject same duty as an original note — pt.

Quit Claim Deed.

To be stamped as a conveyance, except when given as a release of a mortgage to the mortgagee to the mortgagor, in which case it is exempt. — cts.

Receipts

For the payment of any sum of money or debt due exceeding $20, or for the delivery of any property — cts.

Receipt for satisfaction of any mortgage or judgment or decree of any court. — pt.

Sheriffs' Return,

Return on writ or other process. — pt.

Trust Deed.

Made to secure a debt, to be stamped as mortgage. — cts.

Trust Deed, conveying estate to uses, to be stamped as a conveyance — cts.

Warehouse Receipts

For any goods, wares, or merchandise, not otherwise provided for, deposited or stored in any public or private warehouse, not exceeding $500 in value. — 10 cts.

Warehouse Receipt exceeding $500, and not exceeding $1,000. — 20 cts.

Warehouse Receipt exceeding $1,000, for every additional $1,000, or fractional part thereof in excess of $1 000. — 10 cts.

Warehouse Receipts for any goods, &c., not otherwise provided for, stored or deposited in any public or private warehouse or yard. — 25 cts.

Writs and Legal Documents.

Writ, or other original process by which any suit is commenced in any court of record, either of law or equity — 50 cts.

Writ, or other original process issued by a court not of record, where the amount claimed is $100, or over — 50 cts.

Upon every confession of judgment or over, except in cases where the tax for a writ has been paid — 50 cts.

Writs, or other process on appeals from justices' courts, or other courts of inferior jurisdiction, to a court of record, — 50 cts.

Warrant of distress, when the amount of rent claimed does not exceed $100. — 25 cts.

Warrant of distress, when amount exceeds $ 00. — 50 cts.

Writs, summons, and other process issued by a justice of the peace, police or municipal court, of no greater jurisdiction than a justice of the peace in the same state — exempt.

Writs, and other process in any criminal or other suits commenced by the United States or any State. — exempt.

Official documents, instruments, and papers issued or used by officers of the United States Government. — exempt.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Revenue stamps may be used indiscriminately upon any of the matters or things enumerated in Schedule B, except proprietary and playing card stamps, for which a special use has been provided.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

It is the duty of the maker of an instrument to affix and cancel the stamp required thereon. If he neglects to do so, the party for whose use it is made may stamp it before it is used; but in no case can it be legally used without a stamp; and if issued after the 30th of June, 1864 and used without a stamp, it cannot be afterwards effectually stamped. Any failure upon the part of the maker of an instrument to appropriately stamp it renders him liable to a penalty of two hundred dollars.

Suits are commenced in many States by other process than writ, viz: summons warrant, publication, &c. in which cases these, as the original processes, severally require stamps.

Writs of error, feigned issues, &c., are subject to stamp duty as original processes.

The jurat of an affidavit taken before a Justice of the Peace, Notary Public, or other officer duly authorized to take affidavits is held to be a certificate, and subject to a stamp duty of five cents, except when taken in suits or legal proceedings.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any written or printed evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand, or at a time designated, are subject to stamp duty as "Promissory Notes."

The assignment of a mortgage is subject to the same stamp duty as that imposed upon the original instrument; that is to say for every sum of five hundred dollars, or any fractional part thereof of the amount secured by the mortgage at the time of its assignment, there must be fixed a stamp or stamps denoting a duty of fifty cents.

When two or more persons join in the execution of an instrument, the stamp to which the instrument is liable under the law may be affixed and cancelled by any one of the parties.

In conveyances of real estate, the law provides that the stamp affixed must answer to the value of the estate or interest conveyed.

No stamp is required on any warrant of attorney accompanying a bond or note, when such bond or note has affixed thereto the stamp or stamps denoting the duty required; and whenever any bond or note is secured by mortgage, but one stamp duty is required on such papers, such stamp duty being the highest rate required for such instruments, or either of them. In such case, a note or memorandum of the value or denomination of the stamp affixed should be made upon the margin or in the acknowledgment of the instrument where it is not stamped.

WE STRIVE TO PLEASE.

FARRIS & LACK.

MERCHANT TAILORS & CLOTHIERS,

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh N. C.

Have just received their Spring stock of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,
READY MADE
CLOTHING,
HATS,
CAPS,
SHIRTS,
COLLARS,
CRAVATS, AND
GENTLEMEN'S
FURNISHING
GOODS.

These Goods were purchased at low rates for CASH, and will be sold at prices which will enable us to live and let our patrons live.

If you want Fine French Cloths and Cassimeres call at FARRISS & LACK'S.
If you want fine German or American Goods, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want good Ready Made Clothing, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want Cheap Clothing, call at FARRISS & LACK'S
If you want good Clothing made in good Style, call at FARRISS & LACK'S.

We say nothing of our STYLE AND TASTE as we prefer that our work should speak for us and not we should speak for our work. We refer any one desiring information on this point to our patrons.

We do not say we have more goods than any one else, and that we will sell lower than any one else, but we do say we have a good stock, and are receiving weekly accessions thereto. We will say further that we have bought these goods and intend to sell them.

If you want bargains, GIVE US A CALL.

Cotton, Corn, Bacon, Flour and Lard taken in exchange for Goods.

GIVE US A CALL.

April 7 203 tf. FARRISS & LACK.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD.

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, April 6th, 1866.

The Public are informed that the speed over this road has been increased and close connections are made with all trains going North & South. Passengers do not change Cars from Charlotte to Weldon.

To Baltimore, and other Cities North, the fare is as low as by any other route and time as quick.

Through tickets to all places North by both Petersburg, and Richmond and Washington City, and by Norfolk and Bay Steamers, and to the Principal Cities in the North West, via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad—Baggage checked through. To Shippers very great inducements are offered. It is the quickest, safest, and as cheap as by any other route. Freight is shipped through without breaking bulk from Charlotte to Norfolk. The connections at Norfolk with superior Ocean Steamers commend this route to all interested in shipping.

Raleigh, April 9-204-1m A. JOHNSON, Sup't.

SODA WATER!

SODA WATER!!

SODA WATER!!!

COOL, SPARKLING SODA WATER.

THE FIRST OF THE SEASON!

At the Fountains of

A. R. RAVEN & CO.

Hillsboro' Street,

One door west Exchange Hotel.

April 14-209-tf

NO. 1 LEAF LARD!

2000 pounds N. C. Leaf Lard.
In Store and for Sale by
DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, April 17-tf

NORTH CAROLINA BACON!

15,000 lbs., on hand, for sale by
DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, April 17 tf

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!!

One HUNDRED BARRELS of good Flour in store
DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, April 17 tf

MOLASSES!!

We HAVE ON hand 300 gallons of No. 1 SUGAR HOUSE MOLASSES.
DAVIS & JONES.

Raleigh, April 17 tf

Cuba Molasses.

IN hogsheads and barrels, for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Cotton Yarn and Sheetings.

75 BALES for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf.

Bacon.

5000 POUNDS of Shoulders, bright and dry, for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2 148 tf

Candle

150 BOXES Adamantine" for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

BANK OF CAPE FEAR

A GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the President, Directors and Company of the Bank of Cape Fear, to be held at their banking house in Wilmington, on Thursday, the 3rd day of May next, is called to consider the general affairs of the Bank, and particularly whether proceedings shall be instituted on the part of the Bank, under the act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to enable the Banks of this State to close their business," ratified March 12th.

J. G. BURR, Cash'r.

Wilmington, N. C. April 4 2-0-1m

Standard, "Old North State," Salisbury, Greensboro' Patriot, Salem Press, Fayetteville News and Newbern Times publish till May 1, and forward accounts to Principal Bank at Wilmington.

NORTH CAROLINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

OF RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICERS.

CHARLES E JOHNSON, M. D., President.
HIRAM W. HUSTED, Vice President.
R. H. BATTLE, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

CHARLES E. JOHNSON, EVERARD HALL,
HIRAM W HUSTED, JAMES M. TOWLES,
WILLIAM H. JONES, QUENTIN BUSBEE,
CHARLES B. ROOT JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAM H. McKEE, M. D WILLIAM S MILLER,
KEMP P. BATTLE, ALBERT JOHNSON,

R. H. BATTLE.

Policies issued payable at — when the Insurer shall attain a certain — free from the claims of creditors, if parties insure for the benefit of wife and children. Premiums, over thirty dollars, may be paid, half in cash and half in premium note on Life Policies.

Offices of the company in the Bank of Cape Fear in Raleigh.

All communications for the office in Raleigh must be addressed to R. H. BATTLE, Sec'y
March 8 177-d3m. Raleigh N. C

A LARGE LOT OF OLD

NICK WILLIAMS WHISKEY,

In ten and five gallon kegs, just received.

ALSO

Several barrels and ten and five gallon kegs of BITTING'S Yadkin County Whiskey. We have also on hand Cognac's Corn Whiskey, and Apple and Peach Brandy.

April 14-tf COOPER & MOORE.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

No. 14 FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

GEO. W. SWEPSON, R. W. PULLIAM.

JUST RECEIVED,

Muscovada Molasses,
Extra C Sugars,
Prime Factory Cheese,
No. 1 Mackerel in Kitts.

Offered to the trade at LOWEST PRICES.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
March 20, 187, tf. 14 Fayetteville Street

IN STORE

10 bbls Spirits Turpentine in perfect order.
1000 Bunches Spun Cotton. Best quality in fine order in bales of 250lb. bunches each.
SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
March 20-187-tf 14 Fayetteville St.

A MARBLE FRONT

AT HILLSBORO'.

WE ARE opening the finest Stock of French, British and Austrian Goods, ever seen. Samples sent to Students, at X Road prices.

NOT MARBLE FRONT PRICES!

Money received on deposit at 6 per cent. Gold subject to draft at 30 days interest from date of receipt. Reference everybody. We have never suffered a protest on our Paper. N. C. old sizes on deposit draw 3 per cent in U. S. Currency per annum.

BROWN, PARKS & CO.

mar 22. 169. tf

Coffee.

RIO and Java Coffee for sale by
A. A. WILLARD.

Wilmington, Feb 2, 148, tf

VIRGINIA TO EUROPE DIRECT.

The Splendid British Steamship

EPHESUS,

CAPT. WM. COLLINGS,

Will leave Norfolk for Liverpool, direct, on or about May 1st.

For freight, apply to
WILLIAM LAMB,
Norfolk Va.

Messrs. Chieves & Osborne, Agents,
Petersburg, Va.

Messrs. MacAndrews & Co., Agents,
Liverpool.

April 5-201-3w*

1866.

ATTRACTIVE SPRING STOCK

OF

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS.

WE respectfully invite the attention of the Trade to our very desirable and choice stock of

American and British Fancy Dress Goods,

among which may be found the latest styles *imported this season*, together with an extensive assortment of superior

STAPLE GOODS,

AND

NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS.

We particularly call the attention of Merchants visiting this city to our large stock of

DOMESTIC GOODS,

and hesitate not to say that we are prepared to offer extra inducements. Our stock is new and fresh embracing a general assortment of desirable Goods—all recently purchased at reduced rates and will be offered at prices to suit the trade at our Wholesale Ware Room on Second Floor of Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

where Capt. Edward Graham and Mr. John McNeece will be glad to see their old friends and the Trade generally.

McILWAINE & CO.

Petersburg, Va., March 15, 183. 2m

McILWAINE & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

Nos. 79, 81 and 83 Sycamore Street,

PETERSBURG, VA.

The subscribers respectfully offer their services to the TRADE NORTH and SOUTH, and to the PLANTERS of VIRGINIA and NORTH CAROLINA, in the purchase and sale of

GROCERIES, COTTON,
TOBACCO, GRAIN, &c.

They trust, by strict personal attention to all business confided to their care, to secure a continuance of the confidence so liberally bestowed on the late firm of

McILWAINE, SON & CO.,

of which our senior was so long a member.

McILWAINE & CO.

ROBT. D McILWAINE,
FRANK POTTS,
S. S. BRIDGERS.

Mr. EDWARD GRAHAM, of the late firms of McIlwaine & Graham and Hamilton & Graham, can be found with us where he will be pleased to see his friends.

Petersburg Va., Feb. 23, -146-6ms.

BOARDING.

One or two small Families can find — and Lodging with

Mrs. — Fenner.

BOARD by the day — week or month.

March 21, 186—

VANCE, DAVID & JOHNSTON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Having associated themselves together, will practice in the Courts of Mecklenburg, Iredell, Catawba, Davidson, Rowan, Cabarrus and Union, and in the Federal and Supreme Courts.

Claims collected any where in the State

Mar 30-196 tf.

NEW YORK AND WILMINGTON

WEEKLY LINE OF

FIRST CLASS STEAMSHIPS.

Starlight, Capt. Pedrick,
Washington, Capt. Chichester,
Rebecca Clyde, Capt. Young.

Passage, having superior Accommodations, $25.

This route offers greater inducements than any other in the State. One of the above Steamers will always be up in New York and sail weekly, or oftener, if loaded.

Freight consigned to the Agent of the Steamers or to C. M. Dudley, Agent Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road, will be forwarded promptly, and expense collected at point of destination, free of commission and all extra charges.

AGENTS IN NEW YORK.

ARTHUR LEARY, 73 William St.,
JAMES HAND, 117 Wall St.,
HORACE M. BARRY, Agt.,
Wilmington N. C.

The WILMINGTON & WELDON RAIL ROAD having largely increased their rolling stock, are now prepared to move freight promptly from all points and will give preference to through Steamer freight over all other. Two daily trains are now running and freight per Steamer will always go forward, on day of arrival.

In order to save expense and insure prompt dispatch order goods in New York shipped by regular Express line foot of Wall St.

April 5-201 1m

DAVID BARROW,

WITH

ZINN, DORRANCE & CO.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

Nos. 80 & 82 Leonard Street,

(West of Broadway.)

NEW YORK.

Feb 19, 163, 3mo

A. J. DEROSSET. WM. L. DEROSSET. GRAHAM DAVIS.

DEROSSETT & CO.,

Formerly DeRossett & Brown.

(Established in 1839.)

General Commission Merchants,

No. 6 NORTH WATER ST.,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

WILL give personal attention to the purchase and sale of Produce of every description, and to receiving and forwarding goods.

Feb 23, 166 6m.

THOS. W. DAVIS. KIMBRO JONES, JR.

DAVIS & JONES,

GROCERS,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 26 Fayetteville Street,

RALEIGH N. C.,

KEEP constantly on hand a very large supply of

FAMILY GROCERIES,

consisting of

Bacon, Lard,
Flour, Meal, Coffee, Sugar,
Buckwheat, Cheese,
Pickled Oysters,
Champagne, Ale
Porter, Bladder Snuff,
Soda and Butter Crackers,
Tea Cakes, Percussion Caps,
Salt, Fish, &c., &c.

—ALSO—

Wood and Willow Ware,
Hardware,
Powder and Shot,
Soaps of all kinds,
Farming Implements of all descriptions, &c

We respectfully solicit consignments of

Cotton, Cotton Yarns, Iron, &c.,

and

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

All consignments shall receive personal and prompt attention.

Feb 1 3m 147. DAVIS & JONES.

COTTON SEED! COTTON SEED!!

A fine lot of Extra quality Pomegranate COTTON SEED, one and two years old.

In Store and for Sale by

March 21-192 tf DAVIS & JONES, Raleigh, N. C.

10 HOUR or six horse Wagons, in good running order, for sale by

DAVIS & JONES.

JACOB ALT & SONS,

PETERSBURG, VA.,

Manufacturers of Gent's Clothing,

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND A LARGE stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

which we offer low to Jobbers.

Corner of Sycamore and Old Street, Petersburg, Va.

November 23 91-6m pd.

PULASKI COWPER. JAMES A. MOORE

COWPER & MOORE,

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Fayetteville Street,

Opposite Pescud's Drug Store,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

WILL sell all kinds of produce and goods of any description, on Commission or at Auction. Will also attend to individual debts against parties in the city of Raleigh or in the county of Wake, and will buy and sell on Commission.

Real Estate,

Gold and Silver Coin,

State Bonds,

Stocks, and

Bank Notes.

Consignments solicited. COWPER & MOORE.

Jan. 23, 139. tf.

Old Nick Williams Whiskey.

AS Agents for Nick Williams & Son, we are prepared to furnish the above popular brand of Whiskey, by the barrel or keg. Address orders to COWPER & MOORE

Buckwheat and Early Garden Peas.

VERY superior Buckwheat at 7 per cents per pound or by the 25 pounds. Early Washington and Marrowfat Garden Peas at 30 cents a quart.

COWPER & MOORE.

Feb. 24, 167, tf.

Houses and Lots for Sale.

ONE House and Lot on Hillsboro Street, seven rooms attached, and one on Halifax Street, 8 rooms and about one acre of land attached. Both houses in good order and well located.

Also, a lot of fine Yadkin County Whiskey just recived.

COWPER & MOORE.

Feb 23, 166, tf

HENSHAW & THORBURN

COMMISSION & SHIPPING

MERCHANTS,

MOREHEAD CITY, N. C.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR SHIPPING AND Forwarding Cotton, Turpentine, Rosin and all other Goods or Produce. Prompt attention and moderate charges. We have regular steam packets from Morehead City to New York.

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That OUR BLANKS—the greatest variety—for County officers, Lawyers and others, are gotten up in the best style, by one of the best Lawyers and most thorough business men in N. C. Orders can be filled

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MOFFITT, BRO. & CO.,

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WILL give prompt Personal attention to the sale or shipment of Cotton, Naval stores, General Produce, &c., &c. Also to receiving and forwarding goods.

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23 Barrels of Tar, at excellent order.

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March 24-192tf Raleigh, N. C.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, SEATON GALES. } Editors.

Tuesday, May 1, 1866.

OUR TERMS.

THE SENTINEL is issued every morning (Sunday excepted) at the following rates:

For Daily, per year,	$10 00
" six months,	5 00
" one month,	1 00
" two months,	2 00
Semi-Weekly, per year,	5 00
Weekly, per year,	3 00

Our terms are invariably in advance. Money may be sent us by the Rail Road conductors or the Express Companies.

THE ONLY PRETEXT that is set up by the Jacobin leaders and presses to justify or palliate their proscriptive and tyrannical course towards the Southern States, is that the people are disloyal. This assertion, if it *were* a fact, (instead of being, as it unquestionably is, a calumny,) is not important. The question, as it presents itself to the calm eye of an enlightened statesmanship, is, are they capable of harm, and will they be as dangerous in the Union as out of it? Will it not be better *policy*,—to say nothing of the demands of justice, right and magnanimity, which are beyond the reach of Radical appreciation,—to conciliate them by admitting them to an equality of rights and their former position in the Union, than to intensify the bitterness of feeling by additional injustice, and by treating them as a conquered and subject people?

This same argument of disloyalty can be used with as much effect and force twenty years from now as at this time. Even if the wild suggestion of the *Standard* were adopted, that the gentlemen whom the people have already chosen to represent them in Congress should be *compelled* to resign, and if those who can take the oath (Heaven only knows where any number of such can be found, who will represent the *character* of our people!) should be elected and admitted, there is no reasonable probability that, even then, the test will be repealed or modified. So long, therefore, as it remains on the statute books,—so long as it is made an objection that men of the South participated in the rebellion,—both the men and boys of the present generation will be excluded. In other words, the result will practically be the same as that accomplished in Tennessee under the infamous counsels of the arch-fiend Brownlow, viz: complete disfranchisement. Is the *Standard* in favor of *that* condition of things?

Test oaths and continued hostile legislation will keep the people aloof from the government. They will grow, naturally and necessarily, day by day, more hostile to a government which only holds them to oppress, and which has no use for them but to display its power. No sympathy or love can exist between it and the people; no community of interest or harmony of feeling can be established, and the Union will remain broken and dissevered, with the gap widening with each succeeding hour.

THERE CAN BE but little doubt but that, if the work of reconstruction were left to the soldiers of the two late opposing armies, "it would be speedily accomplished upon terms of justice and fairness. It is only, as a general rule, the mad and malignant zealots of the North, who never *saw*, much less *"set*, a squadron in the field," who are clamoring for blood, proscription and confiscation. This class of men urged and egged on others to the fight, but had no stomach for it themselves. We had many of the same sort at the South. We never think of them, on either side, without recalling the case of Parson Poundtext, as described by Scott in one of his historical fictions, where the old Covenanters are pourtrayed. Poundtext was in the midst of an animated harangue, in which he was inciting his hearers, in the name of Heaven, duty, home, honor, and every other holy and lofty consideration, to gird themselves for the battle, when the sullen booming of Cavalier artillery was heard many miles off. Instantly evacuating his improvised pulpit, he illustrated his discourse by remarking: "My brethren, I will ensconce myself behind this stone cairn; for, peradventure, a pellet of the enemy *might attain unto us even here!*"

AT A RECENT MEETING of the Freedmen's Aid Commission in the City of Chicago, one of the speakers, a "so-called" *Rev.* C. H. Fowler, announced his conviction, from data collated by the agents of the Commission, that the black race is superior to the white. He stated as additional testimony of the same proposition that Hannibal and Terrence were negroes. Ethnologists, the students of the classics, and scientific men everywhere, will hail with astonishment this discovery. It has always been supposed, that Hannibal and Terrence were both Carthaginians, the former a general, and the latter a slave among the Romans. It has likewise never before been doubted that the Carthaginians were Phœnicians, and members of the Shemitic branch of the human family.

The thinking world is greatly indebted to this Chicago parson for his remarkable ethnological discoveries. He should take measures to give them a wide publicity. It will confer quite as much notoriety upon him as would the discovery that Washington was a long-heeled Ethiopian, and Thomas Jefferson a full-blooded gorilla!

THE LOST CAUSE.—We have received some advance sheets of this work from Mr. Robert Wilson, of Charleston, who is the general agent for North and South Carolina. It is to be a new and reliable SOUTHERN HISTORY of the late war, comprising a full and authentic account of the rise and progress of the Southern Confederacy, the campaigns, battles, incidents and adventures of the most gigantic struggle of the world's history. The specimen number before us is most handsomely gotten up, with an excellent steel portrait of Jefferson Davis as the masterpiece, and accurate steel portraits of Generals Beauregard, Jackson, Sidney Johnston, Ewell, A. P. Hill, Longstreet and Stewart.—See advertisement.

Northern School Literature.

Some days since, in a few general words of caution addressed to the public, we alluded particularly to a book entitled "A Child's History of the United States," published by Harper and Brothers, the proprietors of a mendacious and disgusting paper called a "Journal of Civilization," and edited by one John Bonner. Very probably, under the introductory auspices of some enterprising pedagogue from "down East," this publication may yet find its way into our midst; and that our communities may be forewarned as to its character, we give below some specimens thereof, which we find collated in a Baltimore cotemporary.

Mr. Bonner has attempted to imitate that very clever and charming work by Mr. Dickens, known as "A Child's History of England," and the most ridiculous failure has attended that part of his literary project. But in another particular Mr. Bonner has been successful beyond, we should suppose, even his own most sanguine expectations. He has managed to do more downright lying within the compass of his little volume than any other historian could crowd into a book of five times the size. But it is not merely on account of its worthlessness as a historical work that we warn all decent people to keep this book out of their children's hands. That it is a tissue of falsehoods is certainly bad enough, but the falsehoods are of so dirty and scurrilous a character that they disgrace the man who wrote and would corrupt any child who should read them.

Here are a few extracts:

"There was a droll body which met at Washington, under the presidency of shuffling Captain Tyler, and called itself a Peace Conference. This droll body met to see if anything would satisfy the South but the wholesale eating of dirt by the North; on inquiry the South said no, nothing would do but the eating of dirt wholesale, and so this droll body adjourned." But for the Southern people Mr. Bonner has reserved his choicest epithets. Mr. Breckinridge is "a sneak." Mr. Mason was a "fit type of a slave empire," and, "among all the insolent, selfish, arrogant and truculent slave-lords of the South, not one was so offensive to men of Northern birth and civilized habits." Of Mr. Slidell we learn that not "among all the rogues in and out of jail, North as well as South, was there another rogue so cunning and cold-blooded." The people of Baltimore have been "brutified by slavery," and those of New Orleans are no better. "New Orleans was the greatest city of the South; the largest, richest and most important. It contained a motley set of people. Many of them were foreigners; a large number were gamblers, slave-traders and vagabonds of various sorts; all were devoted friends of slavery, and most of them had become brutalized by seeing men, women and children sold at the block, whipped by public whippers, branded by cruel masters, and treated with less humanity than good men show to their dogs."

The men who fought under John Morgan and Mosby were "brutal, blood-thirsty, and utterly God-forsaken scoundrels," and those who officered Magruder's army "were brutified by the practice of slavery, debauchery, violence and drunkenness." Slavery, we are told, had blotted both "decency and humanity" out of the hearts of South Carolinians, and in the lower part of the Mississippi valley, "before this war, it was not thought disgraceful to shoot a man in the street, to stab a man in his house, to drink from morning till night in vile bar-rooms, to own, to buy, sell, whip, outrage, and maim women, young girls, and even children, whose skin was not white."

If this book were an isolated specimen of blackguardism and nonsense, we should refrain from any comment on it. But it is one of many thousands written with the same disregard of truth and decency.

As the cotemporary, from whom we obtain the extracts, observes, the individuals who get up these diatribes are never weary of proclaiming their own virtues and deprecating the wickedness of the people of the South.—They insist that the latter can only be regarded as "reconstructed" when they shall have accepted the new Evangel that is preached by the disciples of Beecher, Stevens and John Brown. This they do not intend to do. They fought with superb courage in vindication of their rights and liberties. They lost that battle and they accept the result. But they do not intend to *acquiesce* in any sentence that condemns them to degradation.

East Tennessee.

The Bristol *Gazette* says that many families have sought refuge in that town and vicinity from the lawless marauders of Upper East Tennessee; many of them the oldest and most respectable citizens of the State—men who took no active part in the late war, and who are quiet, inoffensive, peaceable, conservative citizens, all concurring in the statement that the course pursued by Gov. Brownlow and his son, Col. John Brownlow, has brought about this disregard for law and order. No one, it adds, is prepared to appreciate the state of affairs in East Tennessee unless he can see the effects as we see them daily. We have in our midst old, grey haired grandfathers, who were waited upon by a band of ruffian fiends in human shape, and ordered to leave the State immediately, or the lash and rope would be applied to them; all this, too, sanctioned by the Executive of the State, directly or indirectly, *"Glorious* old patriot!"

SEE the prospectus of the Daily, Semi-weekly and Weekly *Sentinel*, conducted by Rev. Mr. Pell, and Seaton Gales.

Splendid success to these worthy gentlemen and accomplished writers.

By the way, does friend Gales remember a certain room with iron bars across the windows at Fort D? If he does, he will know who was there.—*Asheville News.*

"No more of *that*, Hal, an' thou lovest me." We remember well the "room" and the "bars," and the only recollection connected with either that we ever wish to recall is that of the companionship of our cherished friend, V., whose genial nature solaced and often cheered the weary, gloomy hours of prison-life.

ASSAULT ON A CIRCUS COMPANY.—About eight o'clock on night, April 26, a party of some seven or eight men demanded admittance to John Robinson's circus, at Crittenden, Ky., twenty-seven miles from Covington.

Upon being refused, they fired revolvers into the interior, killing James Robinson and wounding two other performers.

Several of the audience were also wounded. The murderers made their escape.

The Habeas Corpus Case.

We have heard some surprise expressed that Judge Fowle should have proceeded to deliver his opinion, and adopt his subsequent action thereon, in the face of the President's telegram to the Governor, which we published on yesterday.

It must be remembered that the Judge was called upon to give a *judicial* construction to the Proclamation. That document pronounces the insurrection at an end; it follows, as a legitimate, legal consequence, that martial law is abogated and the privilege of *habeas corpus* restored.

Gen. Ruger's refusal to surrender Maj. Gee in obedience to the writ, however proper on his part, acting, as he did, under orders, subjected him, as another legal result, to attachment. The inability to make the arrest, on account of an insufficient *posse*, leaves the question of conflict between the civil and military authorities to be passed upon by other and the highest authority.

The declaration of the President's *intention*, that the proclamation should not interfere with military commissions at that time, or previously, organized, could have no effect upon a *judicial* interpretation of its language and scope.—The insurrection being declared at an end, the *legal* consequence also follows that the President has no authority to declare that military commissions may, in certain, or in any, cases, continue to exercise jurisdiction as if a state of insurrection still existed. This, undoubtedly, is the case in its *judicial* aspects.

As we have heretofore said, when the President shall specifically define his meaning, and remove all ground for misconstruction, our people will cheerfully acquiesce in his decree, in the conviction that he is governed by the same lofty ideas of statesmanship and considerations of duty that have heretofore characterized his course. Still, at the same time, it is, and should be, a source of just pride, that we have an independent and enlightened judiciary who will conform their decisions to the Constitution of the land, regardless of personal consequences.

Breakers Ahead.

We have heretofore called attention to the pressure under which the Radicals are laboring, arising from the demand of the country that a plan of reconstruction should be at once presented. The pressure is daily showing itself, and there is reason to hope that something of advantage to the cause of peace and good government will grow out of it.

The last *Intelligencer*, alluding to this subject, observes:

"We now hear, in Republican quarters, that a change has come over the dreams of the disunionists, even in the inner temple of the star-chamber. They are dissentient, belligerent.—Outside, their former tame and servile followers have declared their independence like men. It is stated that many of the State delegations have constituted themselves sub-committees on reconstruction as to what course said delegations shall take, irrespective, we take it, of the dictation of Mr. Thaddeus Stevens; that certain Western associates of Mr. Colfax himself, who has done such conspicuous mischief, will not stand the proposition to force negro suffrage upon States; that the New York delegation are for an affirmative restoration policy, and that Tennessee must be immediately admitted to the Union.

All this change has been effected, says a Republican correspondent of the New York *Times*, by the near approach of the summer and fall elections, and the prospects of members to be returned to the next Congress.'

How far these revelations of Republicans are true, we know not, but in the name of the people who, at the late elections, have spoken in such thunder-tones to Congressmen, we can say to them that no trifling measures, no partial legislation, in the way of mockery, delusion, or error, will now satisfy the people, or ingratiate their favor, or restore their confidence. *Congress must come up to the full measures of the President's policy, in its exalted, ennobling, and humanising spirit.* The civilized world, that has its eyes attentively upon us, invokes to pacification and union. Every element that calls for the exercise of headwork, heartwork, or handwork, imperatively demands the restoration of States."

List of Pardons in the Executive Office.

We have been kindly furnished by Perrin Busbee, Private Secretary, *pro tem.*, of his Excellency, the Governor, with the following list of pardons now in the Governor's Office, which can be had by the parties named, on application:

N. J. Whitaker,	Wake,
G. A. Upchurch,	Wake,
J. R. Dunn,	Wake,
L. D. Stephenson,	Wake,
G. H. Wilder,	Wake,
Andrew Mickle,	Orange,
Thos. Jones,	Martin,
Isaac Jarrett,	Yadkin,
John Larkins,	Harnett,
W. H. Ellison,	Craven,
T. F. Carter,	Orange,
W. E. Horne,	Anson,
S. V. Simmons,	Anson,
Geo. W. Little,	Anson,
Wm. Little,	Anson,
P. Richardson,	Anson,
Samuel Miles,	Northampton,
Sidney H. Johnston,	Gaston,
James J. Phillips,	Edgecombe,
Henry R. Bryan,	Craven,
W. H. Garris,	Northampton,
B. F. Mebane,	Alamance,
D. Murchison,	Cumberland,
Geo. Patterson,	Alamance,
V. A. McBee,	Lincoln,
W. G. Deberry,	Montgomery,
S. H. Turrentine,	Alamance,
John Tapscott,	Alamance,
W. S. Taylor,	Hertford,
W. W. Mitchell,	Hertford,
W. H. Gentry,	Ashe,
B. F. Morton,	Alamance,
C. W. Woolley,	Montgomery.

GOLD closed in New York, at latest advices, at 128½. Cotton had declined from two to three cents. Sales at 31 cents.

SCHENCK.—While the bill for the reorganization of the army was lately under discussion in the House of Representatives, Schenck, of Ohio, who glories in the title of General, spoke of General Lee as a *"doubly-perjured wretch!"*

Schenck is the *hero* of "Vienna Station," and is the same man that was paralyzed by fear of Mosby when Milroy was about to be destroyed at Winchester. He is as valiant as a vixen now.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Raleigh, April 30th, 1866.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Please state in your paper that the lists of Acting Justices of the Peace have not been received from the following Counties, viz:

Alleghany, Cherokee, Chowan, Clay, Craven, Gaston, Gates, Haywood, Henderson, Jackson, Macon, Martin, Mitchell, Stanly, Surry, Watauga and Wilkes.

It is very necessary that the County Court Clerks should forward them, as I cannot send the laws only to those reported to this office as having qualified; and if any more should qualify in the Counties already reported, the Clerks will please inform me immediately.

Your obedient Servant,
R. W. BEST,
Sec'y of State.

All papers in the State will confer a favor by copying.

The Admission of Colorado and the Exclusion of the Southern States.

The Senate has reconsidered the bill which was rejected in that body several weeks ago for the admission of Colorado Territory as a State of the Union, and has passed the measure by a vote of 19 to 13. One-third of the Senators were absent or paired off. What the result would have been upon a full vote we cannot tell; but the vote actually cast against the bill, including Buckalew, Davis, Hendricks, Guthrie, McDougall and Riddle, democrats; and Doolittle, Edmunds, Foster, Grimes, Morgan, Poland and Sumner, republicans, radicals and conservatives, shows that opinions and parties on the subject were considerably mixed.

The democrats and conservative republicans opposed the measure mainly on the ground that an unsettled population of fifteen or twenty thousand is hardly sufficient to justify the admission of a Territory as a State, when the popular ratio for a Representative in Congress is a hundred thousand. The radicals who opposed the bill did so because negroes, in the State constitution of Colorado, are excluded from the right of suffrage. Mr. Sumner, therefore, in this matter, has at least the merit of consistency, against all temptations to go the other way. The radicals who supported and passed the bill were, it is understood, controlled by the impression that the admission of Colorado would give two additional members to the radical strength in the Senate, although in this matter they may perhaps be mistaken.

It is supposed that, with the approval of the Reconstruction Committee, this bill will pass the House. Assuming that it will, what is the position in which this radical Congress will place itself by this act? It will stand in the position of a party which has admitted a Territory with a floating population of fifteen or twenty thousand as a State, with a constitution excluding the negro from the ballot box, while eleven Southern States, embracing four of the original thirteen which founded the Union, are excluded from a voice in Congress mainly because they have not conceded this thing of negro suffrage. The inconsistency of this distinction is apparent, and its injustice stands out in bold relief, in presence of the fact that the cotton furnished from the excluded Southern States since the close of the war, for the markets of the world, foots up the magnificent sum in greenbacks, in round numbers, of four hundred millions of dollars—equal to three hundred millions in gold—for the relief of the national credit, the national currency and the federal taxpayers of the United States, from one end of the Union to the other.

We grant that these three hundred millions in gold were saved to the Union cause and the national treasury by the navy, in the late blockade of the Southern ports; but we may still secure three or four hundred millions more this year, in all probability, in Southern products, by the prompt admission into Congress of the excluded States; for this admission would reestablish in those States the confidence, security, and systematic industry necessary to the full development even of the cotton, tobacco and other crops that have been planted. But if Colorado, with a State Constitution against negro suffrage, is admitted into the Union, we hope we shall hear no more of this demagogue cry of the radicals, that negro suffrage must in some way be secured in Virginia, North and South Carolina, and so on, before those States can safely be reinstated in Congress. By the late vote of the Senate negro suffrage is confessed to be only a party trick, and the House, in sustaining it, will at least put an end to the false pretence of radical solicitude for the negro's political rights.—*N. Y. Herald.*

The Norfolk *Virginian*, in answer to the account of the Richmond correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, charging the late riot at Norfolk upon the whites, emphatically says:

To give the lie direct (no other term will express our earnestness) once for all to whoever says aught to the contrary, we assert, in the name and with the concurrence of this whole community, that the victims of the Civil Rights procession were *murdered by the negroes without a shadow of provocation.*

A half-dozen highfaluting gentlemen of color went into a first-class restaurant on Pennsylvania avenue the other day, seated themselves at a table, spread their napkins, summoned mine host, and gave a gorgeous order for rals, stews, and fries. They were quietly imformed that they could not be served—that there was no provision for "colored" custom in that house. "No?" exclaimed a very lofty darkey, with a well assumed air of indignant surprise. "No! Look ahea, now; I'se recon you hasn't read dat Civil Rights bill!" The orator was then informed that he was in a restaurant, not in Congress, and that the discussion of the Civil Rights bill was not before *that* house. He was also requested to leave, which he did, five dark countenances following him. This "test" will be tried in all the cities, and buck negroes, with wallets well stuffed by Radicals, will be sent to the New-York Hotel, Fifth Avenue, Maison Dore and Delmonico's, to see if the Civil Rights law does not entitle them to places at table, rooms on the first floor, drinks at the bar, and "all the rights and privileges of citizens of all the States."

THE JEWS.—An Israelite of Bavaria thus writes of the restoration of the chosen people:

The regathering of the Jews is now beginning to take place. Not only single families emigrate to Palestine, but there have been formed a number of societies, in almost every land on this continent, to prepare an emigration on a large scale provided with all possible means, money, implements and tools of every kind, to commence the cultivation of the long desolated land at once, and with the utmost vigor. There are men of considerable wealth among them, and not one without some means—enough, at least, to defray the expenses of the journey and to purchase a plat of ground. I am happy to say that I am one of the leading members of a society, forming here in Bavaria, which numbers already over nine hundred heads of families, besides a number of young people, who would not form an alliance with the other sex until settled in the Holy Land, upon the soil of their rightful heritage.

Washington News and Gossip.

THE PRESIDENCY OF THE SENATE.

Before the adjournment of the Senate a new President *pro tem.* will be elected, when the choice will probably fall either upon Senator Sherman or Senator Pomeroy, it being conceded to the West, the choice of Senator Foster only being for the session, as is the general custom.

SENATOR FROM CONNECTICUT.

Letters from Connecticut indicate the election of either General Terry or Ex-Governor Buckingham as United States Senator.

[From the Washington Star of Thursday Evening.]

STAND FROM UNDER.

It has transpired that the proceedings of yesterday's sitting of the Reconstruction Committee were of a character to seriously alarm the Radicals who have been disposed to fight it out to the bitter end against the President's policy. Report has it that Mr. Boutwell, of Massachusetts, broke ground by opposing the whole scheme of enforced negro suffrage, and urging the adoption of a plan of reconstruction basing representation upon population, excepting from representation such males above twenty-one years of age as are not voters, leaving the whole question of suffrage to the States. Mr. Boutwell alleged that two or three New England States were all that could be counted on to sustain enforced negro suffrage.

Mr. Thad. Stevens opposed the proposition of Mr. Boutwell with considerable heat, declaring that if the committee commenced to recede they might as well give the whole thing up. Senator Howard and others took part in the subsequent debate, and finally the committee adjourned until Saturday without action.

IMORTANT ACTION OF THE NEW YORK CONGRESSIONAL DELEGATION.

We learn that the Republican members of Congress from the State of New York held a meeting last night to consider the general subject of reconstruction, and came to the conclusion that it was requisite for Congress to speedily adopt some affirmative policy of a liberal character with which to go before the people. It was agreed that the question of regulating suffrage must be ignored by Congress and left to the people to decide. A third point of policy decided upon was the admission of the State of Tennessee.

This action, by so important a body as the New York delegation, is of great significance as indicating a disposition to recede from extreme measures and close up the breach between Congress and the President.

Dan Rice Before the Reconstruction Committee.

[From the Washington Correspondence of the Commercial.]

The Committee on Reconstruction still persists in suppressing the most important testimony elicited before it. Dan Rice has lately been on a circus tour through the lately rebellious States, and has had opportunities such as are afforded to few for observing the condition of the Southern people as to loyalty. His testimony will be found to show the true feeling that exists in the South when the thin crust of pretended loyalty is melted away and true character is revealed under the exhilarating influence of a menagerie, when man stands in the presence of the untamed forces of nature, separated therefrom only by the thin partition of an iron cage. Mr. Rice, being duly sworn, testified thus:

Q. You have an unruly animal, known as a pet mule, with your circus, have you not?

A. I have.

Q. What are the idiosyncracies of the beast?

A. He is much given to kicking.

Q. It is almost impossible to ride him, is it not?

A. It is. I generally offer $25 to any man who will ride him round the ring.

Q. On your late visit to the South, did you receive any offers to ride that mule?

A. I did.

Q.—State what occurred on these occasions?

A.—In Richmond, a discharged Confederate soldier attempted to ride him, but was immediately thrown flat on his back.

Q.—What did the Confederate soldier say to this?

A.—He said the mule was a d——d Yankee cuss.

Q.—Did any others make the attempt?

A.—Another of Lee's veterans tried to ride him and succeeded.

Q.—What did he say?

A.—He said, after he had dismounted, that if he'd had a regiment o' them 'ere cavalry he'd have whipped Kilpatrick all to smash; and that in the next war against the Yankees he intended to raise a brigade of 'em.

Cross-examined by Mr. Stevens:

Q.—Is that a he mule or a she mule?

A.—It's a he mule.

Q.—You have monkeys in your show, have you not?

A.—I have.

Q.—Have you ever heard any disloyal remarks in relation to those monkeys?

A.—I can't say that I have.

Q.—Have you ever heard anything said in their presence?

A.—A couple of young ladies were one day standing in front of the cage, and I heard one of them say it looked like a Freedman's Bureau.

Q.—How was this remark received?

A.—It created much laughter.

Q.—Were there any personal allusions made on the occasion?

A.—Some one in the crowd said, pointing to the ourang-outang, "That's Sumner."

Q.—Did that please the bystanders?

A.—Very much.

Q.—Did you ever hear any observation about the bears?

A.—I heard it said once about a one-eyed bear that he looked like Ben Butler, and about a grizzly that it ought to be called Ben Wade.

Q.—Were the points of resemblance stated?

A.—They were not. The observation was made on the *tout ensemble*, with special reference, perhaps, to the ocular deformity in the case of the one-eyed animal.

Q.—Have you any side shows with your circus?

A.—I have.

Q.—State if you ever have heard disloyal remarks in relation to them?

A.—I believe I heard something of the kind once about Daniel in the lion's den.

Q.—State what it was.

A.—A young lady asked me which was Daniel and which was the lion.

Q.—What was your reply?

A.—I told her it was easy to distinguish Daniel from the lion, as the former wore a swallow-tail coat, and had a cotton umbrella under his arm.

Q.—What did she say?

A.—He said, after he had dismounted, that if he'd had a regiment o' them 'ere cavalry he'd have whipped Kilpatrick all to smash; and that in the next war against the Yankees he intended to raise a brigade of 'em.

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Q.—Have you any side shows with your circus?

A.—I have.

Q.—State if you ever have heard disloyal remarks in relation to them?

A.—I believe I heard something of the kind once about Daniel in the lion's den.

Q.—State what it was.

A.—A young lady asked me which was Daniel and which was the lion.

Q.—What was your reply?

A.—I told her it was easy to distinguish Daniel from the lion, as the former wore a swallow-tail coat, and had a cotton umbrella under his arm.

Q.—What did she say?

A.—After looking into the cage, she said, very spitefully, that Daniel looked like a mean Yankee, and she wished the lion would chaw him up.

It is understood that the President has resolved speedily to clear the public offices of all Disunionists, otherwise called Radicals, and has indeed already commenced the work. This has set the dominant party in Congress upon expedients to thwart him, and the conflict is likely to be exceedingly acrimonious. The admission of Colorado will, it is supposed, give to the Radicals in the Senate a reliable working majority of two-thirds.

Zeta Psi.

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from earth our esteemed brother JOHN M. SUTTON, a bright ornament of the Fraternity he so much loved and adorned, be it,

Resolved, That the sorrow of his early departure is only equalled by the love of his brothers, and that the sacred ties which united him to us and we to him will ever cling around his memory.

Resolved, That in the death of our brother we see the Omnipotent hand of a gracious God, calling one so beloved from the crimes and sorrows of this wicked world to an abode of eternal rest, where peace and happiness forever dwell and "harmony reigns supreme."

Resolved, That in our mourning for the deceased brother, we appreciate the deeper grief of those united to him by the closest and most tender ties, and while we would not intrude upon the privacy of their overwhelming grief, we would respectfully tender to them the deepest sympathy of the "Upsilon Chapter," with an assurance that time shall not impair a grateful remembrance.

Resolved, That as a mark of respect, our badge be shrouded in the usual manner for thirty days, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to family of the deceased and to the several chapters of the Fraternity.

GEORGE SLOVER,
WM ST CLAIR McNIDER } Committee.
W. H. S BURGWYN.

Zeta Psi Hall, U. N. C. Chapel Hill, April 26, 1866.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

WANTED.

EMPLOYMENT as teacher of a family school.—Qualifications English, French and Music on Piano. Address application to

MISS H. OLIVIA FORT,
May 1-1w Henderson, N. C

DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE!!

I WILL SELL, by private sale, my house and lot, pleasantly located on Salem Street, Thomasville, N. C. The house, now occupied by me as a dwelling, is two story; has five large rooms; Kitchen, with two rooms; smoke-house; barn, &c. There are three acres of land attached.

Individuals wishing to purchase can call upon me at my residence, or address me by mail.

Terms: $2,500 Cash.
May 1-2t* MRS. E. W. HARRIS.

15,000 SEGARS!

Which we offer for sale at cost.
ALSO, a small lot of DRY HIDES.
DAVIS & JONES.
Raleigh, May 1-1t

R. W. PULLIAM, W. H. JONES, GEO. W. SWEPSON.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

No 14. Fayetteville Street, Raleigh N. C.
Raleigh N. C. May 1-tf

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

No. 14 Fayetteville St.

HAVE NOW in store a general stock of Groceries, which is offered to the trade at the lowest cash prices. They respectfully solicit orders from the merchants of North Carolina.
May 1 tf.

JUST RECEIVED.

Rio & Java Coffee,
Green & Black Tea,
Sugars, every Variety,
Molasses & Syrups,
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
May 1-tf No. 14 Fayetteville St.

EPSOM SALTS;

BRIMSTONE,
BORAX,
CASTOR OIL,
INDIGO & MADDER,
EXTRACT LOGWOOD,
CONCENTRATED LYE, & OTHER DYE STUFFS.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
May 1-tf No. 14 Fayetteville N. C.

CANDIES IN EVERY VARIETY.

RAISINS, NUTS
CANNED FRUITS, PICKLES,
CANNED OYSTERS, CANNED LOBSTERS, at wholesale only.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
May 1-tf

PEPPER, GROUND & GRAIN.

Spice, Ginger Soda,
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
May 1-tf

THE LOST CAUSE.

A RELIABLE SOUTHERN HISTORY OF THE WAR.

BY
E. A. POLLARD.

ROBERT WILSON, of Charleston, is the General Agent for North and South Carolina. Good and responsible agents are wanted to engage in the sale of this work. For terms and territory, address the General Agent, Postoffice Box 503, Charleston, S. C.
May 1-2w

BOARD!

MRS. W. R. RICHARDSON can accommodate several members of the approaching Convention, or others, with board and with good rooms. Her residence is in one of the most pleasant and beautiful portions of the City, North of the Capitol and near the Episcopal rectory.
Raleigh, April 27-10t

SECOND GREAT TRADE SALE AT AUCTION,

OF BOOTS, SHOES & HATS.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., beg leave to announce, that in consequence of the success of their great sale of Boots & Shoes last week, and of the general satisfaction given to the trade, they will sell again at Auction, at their Store on Fayetteville Street, on Monday the 16th. day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

40 Cases Men's, Women's, Misses & Boys Boots, Shoes, Brogans &c.

ALSO
20 or 30 Cases gentlemen's Hats,
of the latest styles and finest quality.

A catalogue for the use of the Trade, will be published and distributed before the Sale.
Raleigh, April 30-tf

TO FARMERS & PLANTERS.

Ford's Phosphatic or Fertilizer.

We have just received a consignment of 50 Barrels of this celebrated Fertilizer, which we will sell to Farmers and Planters on liberal terms.

It is said to be as good a Fertilizer as any in the Market, and to bring as good crops, tried side by side with any, even Peruvian Guano, and to be suitable for Cotton, Corn, Tobacco &c.

B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
April 30-tf

JUST RECEIVED!

AT NO. 44. FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

Plain and Plated Casters,
Pat ted and Ornamented Toilette Sets,
Fire Proof Tea Pots,
Handsome Tea Trays,
J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.
Raleigh April 30-tf

THE SENTINEL.

Tuesday, May 1, 1866.

CITY AND STATE ITEMS.

[Reported Expressly for the Sentinel]

Trial of Major Jno. H. Gee.

SYNOPSIS OF TESTIMONY.

THIRTY-SIXTH DAY.—(CONCLUDED.)

THURSDAY, April 26, 1866.

John A. Snider, sworn: Lives at Salisbury, keeps a livery-stable. Was a conductor on W. Road, had charge of the wood train, in employ of Capt. Goodman. There were three locomotives on the road, two of them in very bad condition, could hardly run over it at all. They employed all the hands to work on it that they could possibly hire. I think, in the whole road, not more than 50 or 60 hands. There was a gravel train at one time, one of the mail trains taken for the purpose—don't know how long. This bad condition was by not ditching the road. At two places you could not see it at all, it was covered with mud. There were two land-slides; once it took a week to get the road out. My train was not stopped altogether at that time. I hauled a few loads from Mr. Murphy's about four miles and a half from Salisbury. I brought all the wood that was cut on this side of the slide.

When the road was in running order, I have made as high as four trips a day—some days I'd haul a load and break down; never went over four loads a day. I did not have a sound car on the track.

There were two wood-grounds, negroes worked at one point and the whites at the other.—The white men were detailed from the garrison and the negroes were impressed. I had 60 prisoners of war on my train to load and unload—they were guarded. Teams were impressed to haul the wood to the side of the road. It was put on the train and came down to the side of the prison.

One time I broke down six miles from the rough cut, and ten or twelve of the prisoners left while I was busy putting the cars on the track. The guard was not any guard at all.—The prisoners had the guns as often as they did. They were the "Home Reserves."

The men with me bought all they wanted.—I had a rule that those who loaded or unloaded first, should have the first privilege of buying There were seven or eight men to a car, and sometimes ten. The men purchased at the wood ground and at the depot. I have seen one man carry as many as fifty pies into the prison. They carried in provisions every day. It was about one hundred yards from the lower wood pile to the gate. This was done openly. I had the same men every day, unless some were sick.—They purchased anything they could. Sometimes chickens and a little bacon. They carried the pies in their blankets. I have lain out as many as three nights with this party.

I hauled lumber sometimes with that train, and then there was no other train to haul wood. I hauled some from Maroney's mill to Major Chisman, at Greensboro. This mill was about 65 miles from Salisbury. Mr. Maroney said that it was under the control of Major Chisman. I have seen orders from Major Chisman to the superintendent of our road, to have that lumber hauled forthwith. He threatened to impress the trains. Sometimes he would send a train off on the other road. The closest mill on the road to Salisbury was about two miles this side of Maroney's; I don't recollect the man's name. I think I hauled one load of planks from Maroney's to the prison.

There were orders from the quartermaster every morning to get wood. When my train was broken, Mr. Poe came down every day.—They talked about taking the mail train to haul wood.

The mail train hauled freight. Sometimes I brought down a box car for Major Myers' from 3rd. creek; the officers kept me going day and night. We had to haul wood one day in the week for the car-shop,—on every Saturday.

We had to go 35 to 40 miles for wood. They threatened to impress the train every day.—urging us on to keep the train ready,—to get wood ahead. They had waggons hauling all the time besides the train. They got the wood out in the country.

The cross-ties were rotten. Every car had a flat wheel—flange worn off—beating like a sledge hammer. Engine in a bad fix. Track covered over two inches deep for three hundred yards. We have had to get off at such places and work half a night at a time. The cars would not keep the track at all. About once a week we had a break down; sometimes for two or three days at a time. I was afraid to run.

There was a race between those loading or unloading the different cars, and sometimes the guards would pull off their equipments, set down their guns, and help the prisoners. The guards were not allowed to trade until they got through loading. There was an officer with the men for a while, a Lieutenant, and afterwards a Sergeant, but they acted the same.

Cross-Examined.—There were sixty men on my train. Had a sergeant of the wood-train, Mr. Poe don't know anything about the orders in the prison.

I didn't have more than eight cars, 4 cords to a car. Some times I would have 100 cords at the prison. Dont think the pile was ever entirely out, it was sometimes very short.

There was always enough lumber at Maroney's mill to load the train. I don't think I carried more than three loads from that mill.—It was hauled to Salisbury and then put on the N. C. Railroad. It was not hauled from other mills more than four or five times while the prisoners were there. A part of it went to the arsenal at Salisbury—they got probably four or five car-loads.

I did all I possibly could in hauling wood.—When the prisoners were buying provisions at the wood yard I don't remember seeing any officers present. I have heard the guard say it was against the orders to buy provisions. Don't know that these were the orders to the men on my train.

Re direct.—I hauled 5,070 cords of wood to the prison from 12th October, 1864, to 6th March, 1865. I hauled a few loads after the prisoners of war left, in February.

To Court.—All this wood was hauled to the military authorities. I understood it was for the prison.

Court adjourned.

THIRTY-SEVENTH DAY.

MONDAY, April 30, 1866.

Mrs. Sarah P. Brown sworn.—Lives at Salisbury. Lived there from September 1864 to the Spring of 1865. My husband was Transportation Agent for the best part of the time, in the Quartermaster's office, with Capt. Goodman.—He was with Maj. Myers for several weeks.

Some time in the month of November, about 2 o'clock P. M., I heard a noise at the garrison. I was in my chamber, up stairs. My house was three hundred yards from the prison, on high ground. I ran down in great haste and saw missiles flying over the fence at the prison.—Heard firing and saw the soldiers running around the parapet, not many of them.

I heard the cannon fire twice in quick succession, and then, after a second, heard it again. Quite a crowd came to join them. I saw one man running around, holding up his hands and ordering the firing to cease. He was in soldier's clothes. I would not like to swear it was Maj. Gee. He was on the side of the prison towards my house. This was just before the last cannon I think. I thought the firing from first to last was about five minutes. I had just gone upstairs, ran to the window and ordered the servant to carry the children out, and ran down myself. As I got to the gate last gun had stopped.

The prisoners came to my lot and to the adjoining one for water. They brought barrels, and sometimes had their canteens. The well was just outside the yard. Have seen them in the street and at the public wells. They came to my house every day for cakes and pies, and as far as I could I supplied them. They always offered to pay me. I have given them those a hundred times. They always wanted something sweet; one time I gave them meat. There was always a guard with them, who joined with them in getting something to eat. My neice, Mrs. Thomas, kept a bakery and they would buy of her. Sometimes they would have 20 or 30 pies and large ginger-cakes. I never heard the guards say there were orders to stop this.

From my house I could see the road to the creek, and the prisoners going there for water every morning. I moved from the hill in January, 1865, and went down to the main portion of the town. I feared an outbreak. Only two prisoners came to me there. I gave them a shoulder of meat, pies and bread.

I saw a large crowd of the citizens go down to the prison at the time of the outbreak, but did not see them fire. They blamed the Commandant of the post, Maj. John H. Gee, for not allowing them to fire. They said the town was in danger. I visited Capt. Goodman's house every day. I have seen Maj. Gee going and coming to the quartermaster's and commissary's. He had on a staff cap, with a black glazed cover, gray jacket and pants.

I livid near enough to the prison to hear a noise there. Don't remember any firing during the night.

Provisions were so scarce that most of the time I had only molasses and bread. My father-in-law supplied me with provisions. He was a commission merchant in Salisbury.

In 1863 there was a women's raid in the town. They took ten barrels of flour from my father-in-law. They stopped at my house and said they were going to make a raid on the ladies' pantries.

I don't remember seeing Major Gee go any where else than to the Quartermaster's and Commissary's

In the Fall of 1864, I went down once to Maj. Myers for five pounds of beef, to make soup for my sick family. He said he had not enough provisions to feed ten men. I offered to pay him in Confederate money or in gold. Whilst my husband was in his employ I wrote to him a great many times, but never got anything.

Cross-Examined:—I was alarmed, but not very much frightened, at the time of the outbreak, because I had heard there was going to be one. Think the firing lasted only five minutes. Don't know the number of wells in town. I should think there was plenty of water in them. The women's raid was, I think, by soldiers' wives.

Never heard of Major Myer's selling to citizens.

Re-Direct:—My husband was not entitled to draw rations. I don't know which officers' families obtained rations from the government.

To Court:—People who said there would be any outbreak gave no reason for it.

Theodore F. Keuts, sworn.—Druggist in store of John H. Ennis, at Salisbury: It was difficult to get medical stores; we got them wherever we could. Opium and Morphine were very scarce and high.

The outbreak was in November, 1864, about 2 P. M. I was in Mr. Ennis' store about three squares from the garrison. I ran down as soon as I could, and there was no firing after I got there. There may have been twenty or thirty straggling shots on the south side.

I saw Maj. Gee after the firing had ceased; he was on the parapet. The guns had not been given up. There were cries of "Shoot them! shoot them! make them give them up!" Maj. Gee said not to fire, that he would make them give the guns up without firing. He was on the parapet on the side next to the town.

There was a general desire to have the ring-leaders shot; a company or two went in the prison and brought out the guns. Major Gee had on a gray round-jacket and military cap.

I have repeatedly seen the prisoners with tubs carrying water from the wells in town.

The firing did not last more than five minutes.

Cross Examined.—I ran as fast as I could. It was the impression among the citizens that the prisoners would break out. There was no organization that I heard of to suppress any trouble. There were four wells on the main street I think,—a good many public wells in town,—generally plenty of water.

Re-Direct.—I saw eight or ten guns brought out.

[Monday's evidence concluded to-morrow.]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Mrs. E. W. Harriss offers, at private sale, a valuable dwelling house and lot in the thriving village of Thomasville.

Miss H. Olivia Fort, Henderson, desires a situation as teacher of a family school. Can give the highest references.

See advertisements of Pulliam, Jones & Co. It will be seen that our estimable townsman, W. H. Jones, Esq., has been associated with the old firm. Their house is one of the "institutions" of the City, and, we are pleased to learn, is doing a fine business.

Davis and Jones offer a large importation of Segars at cost.

STONEWALL CEMETERY—LECTURES.—A correspondent requests us to suggest that, for the purpose of aiding the patriotic and pious undertaking of the ladies of Winchester, a series of fortnightly Lectures be instituted in this City, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association,—the lectures to be mainly founded upon incidents, experiences and characters of the late war. The suggestion is a good one, and we submit it to the consideration of the Association.

FIRE IN CHARLOTTE.—The splendid residence of Col. William Johnston, in Charlotte, was entirely destroyed by fire on Sunday. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

The favorite steamship Ellie Knight, of Messrs. Atkinson & Shepperson's Baltimore Line, reached her wharf yesterday afternoon, having made the run from Baltimore in forty-two hours.—*Wil. Dispatch, 26th.*

HALIFAX COUNTY.—The Superior Court for this County was in session last week—his Honor, Judge Fowle, presiding. Very little civil business was transacted, the time of the Court having been occupied with the trial of petty offences, principally. Three freedmen, convicted of larceny, were publicly whipped

The case of Dr. Jno. R. Moore, for the homicide of one Harris, was continued until the next term, by consent of the State and his counsel, B. F. Moore and Edward Conigland, Esqrs.

A correspondent of the Petersburg *Index* says:

"The bar was well represented. In addition to Messrs Conigland, Solomon, Hill and Walker of the local bar, there were present the following distinguished gentlemen: B. F. Moore, Esq., the *pater familias*, Hon. Thos. Bragg, ex-governor, ex-U. S. Senator and ex-attorney general of the Confederate States, and Hon. S. H. Rogers, Attorney General, all of the Raleigh bar; Hon. Asa Biggs, of the Edgecombe bar, ex-U S. Senator, and ex-district Judge of the Confederate States; Messrs. Eaton, Batchelor and Jenkins, of the Warren bar, each of whom has filled the post of attorney general of the State, and Messrs. Peebles and Calvert, of the Northampton bar. The attendance at no bar in the State can present more distinguished names than many of the above enumerated. It would be unpardonable to close this communication, without hearing my testimony to the urbanity, distinguished ability and commendable fairness which characterize S. H. Rogers in the discharge of his arduous duties as Attorney General."

Quite a severe storm passed through the county, a few days since, tearing up huge oaks by the roots and upsetting the farmers' fences to a considerable extent.

The Weldon *State* gives an account of some novel occurrences in the ancient town of Halifax. It says:

"We learn that a gentleman of color by the name of Mitchell, who has been exercising the functions of a preacher among his sable brethren of this county, forgetting the injunctions of his Lord and Master, has thrown off the meekness that should characterize one occupying an ecclesiastical position, and assumed the rights of a belligerent. It appears that some opposition having manifested itself among brother Mitchell's flock, in the ancient town of Halifax, he determined to coerce his reticent followers and to vindicate his authority in the premises. Accordingly, on Wednesday last, he collected a large number of his more trusty followers, and after arming them in a manner so as to render them invulnerable to attack and terrible in onslaught, he started on his march to the devoted town to assert his ecclesiastical authority and enforce his supremacy over his rebellious and intractable disciples. Matters began to look very blue in the ancient town, when it was announced that brother Mitchell, with his gallant and trustworthy veterans with arms in their hands, were approaching the town very rapidly, and were but a short distance off. We presume that the cheek of many a darkey, who had rebelled against the authority of brother Mitchell, blanched in contemplation of the aspect which matters had assumed. We learn, however, that the white citizens of the town, to prevent the effusion of so much precious blood, sent out a delegation to meet brother Mitchell and his legion, and importune with them not to enter the town. The negotiations of this delegation, we understand, proved successful. Brother Mitchell was prevailed upon not to press his legions on the town, and they all marched off in another direction, much to the gratification, we have no doubt, of some of the rebellious wooly heads of Halifax. We do not know that any further attack may be apprehended, or that brother Mitchell will make any subsequent effort to re-establish his authority by force."

"J. N."—We had a call, on yesterday, from this great philosopher, who has just returned from a tour through the South.

He still maintains the same theory that he did, that the people of both sections were wrong, and yet both were right, in that they misapprehended each other, and fought without endeavoring to remove that misapprehension.

A NEW AND GRAND EPOCH IN MEDICINE!

DR. MAGGIEL is the founder of a new Medical System! The quantitarians, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach and paralyze the bowels, must give precedence to the man who restores health and appetite, with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most virulent sores with a box or so of his wonderful and all healing Salve. These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast superseding all the stereotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggiel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the (so called) remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggiel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dozen, and of which every box fail taken creates an absolute necessity for another. One or two of Maggiel's Pills suffices to place the bowels in perfect order, tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirits light and buoyant! There is no griping, and no sensation in the form of constipation If the liver is affected, its functions are restored; and if the nervous system is feeble it is invigorated This last quality makes the medicines very desirable for the wants of delicate females Ulcerous and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfectant power of Maggiel's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that **Maggiel's Bilious, Dyspeptic and Diarrhea Pills** cure where all others fail. While for Burns, Scalds, Chilblains, Cuts and all abrasions of the skin **Maggiel's Salve** is infallible. Sold by J. MAGGIEL, 43 Fulton Street, New York, and all Druggists, at 25 cts. per box. Sold by all Druggists in Raleigh.

April 19 tf

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BUYING RATES—N. C. BANK NOTES.

Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	12
" Commerce	10
" Clarendon	5
" Fayetteville	6
" Lexington	10
" North Carolina [Gold]	25
" Roxboro	25
" Thomasville	15
" Wadesboro	10
" Wilmington	10
" Washington	5
" Yanceyville	5
Commercial Wilmington	12
Farmers' Greensboro	15
Merchants', Newbern	25
Miners' and Planters'	15
Virginia Bank notes, average	15
South Carolina "	13
Georgia "	10
Gold	123
Silver	117
Old North Carolina Coupons	45
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	80
North Carolina 6's, ten Coupons on	80
Exchange on New York	1

PRIME TIMOTHY HAY.

100 Bales of prime Timothy Hay,
Arriving to day.
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
April 30-tf

SODA WATER!

SODA WATER!!

A FAMOUS FOUNTAIN

In full operation at

WM. SIMPSON'S,
Fayetteville St.,
April 30-tf

CONFECTIONARIES!

FRUITS!

SEGARS!

TOBACCO!

WM. SIMPSON

Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, Is always supplied with FRESH CANDIES, FRUITS, NUTS, NOTIONS, SEGARS, TOBACCO, &c., &c., which he invites the public to call and look at, even if they don't want to buy.

P. S. The sparkling SODA FOUNTAIN is in constant play

April 30-tf

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having at November term, 1865, of Warren County Court, qualified as Executor of Dr. Hugh J. Davis, deceased, I hereby request all persons having claims against the estate of the same to present them to me and all indebted must pay.

PETER R. DAVIS,
Executor.
Warrenton, April 27-4t*

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.

STOLEN from the stable of the subscriber, six miles West of Hillsborough, on the night of the 22nd instant, a dark bay Mare, black mane and tail, and black legs; one hind foot white up to the pastern joint, small star in the forehead, about four feet nine inches high, and without shoes when stolen—trots rough, but canters well. I will give the above reward for the recovery of the mare and thief, or a liberal reward for either. Any information thankfully received.

THOMAS McCRACKEN.
April 27-3t

JUST ARRIVED

AT TUCKERS'

3000 Yds. English & American Prints.
1000 " Fancy Frocks, do
500 " Double purple do
500 " Black & White do

NEW STYLE BLACK SILK WRAPPINGS,

Extra Long & Large Trail Hoops,

—ALSO—

4-4 6-4 8-4 & 10-4 Black Grenadines,

Fine Lot, Full and Second Mourning

DRESS GOODS.

1 Case Fine Family Linens.

4-4 Bleached Domestics at 25cts.

FANS FANS FANS!

From 10cts, to $1 50.

Daily acquisitions to our stock.

Remember, TUCKER'S is the place to buy your goods.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
April 26.

SIFTERS.

10 doz. Assorted sizes,
at
B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO.
March 20, 187, tf.

SITUATION WANTED!

A YOUNG LADY, who can give the highest possible references, and is well qualified to teach the elementary and higher English branches of education, desires a situation as Teacher.

Applications addressed to the Editors of the SENTINEL making known terms, &c., will receive immediate attention.

April 23-tf.

CORN! CORN!!

8000 Bushels prime White Corn in Store, and for sale by
A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179 tf Wilmington N. C.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

700 Bbls Fine, Super and Family, now landing and daily expecting, For sale by
A. A. WILLARD,
March 9-179 tf Wilmington, N. C.

$100 REWARD.

STOLEN, from my stables, near Warsaw, Duplin Co., one EIGHT BAY MARE MULE, about 12 years old; heavy set, with a small white spot on her back from saddle rails; and ONE DARK BAY HORSE, heavy set, crooked back, white hind feet and a blaze in his face; about nine years old.

I will give fifty dollars for information, so I get the mule and horse; and fifty dollars for evidence to convict the thief.

N. O FREDERICK,
Wilmington, N. C.
April 25-1w*
Standard copy 3 times and charge this office.

JUST RECEIVED

37 Boxes Manufactured TOBACCO,

Spun Cotton assorted from No. 8 to 13.

SWEPSON & PULLIAM,
Raleigh, March 22, 180, tf 14 Fayetteville St.,

JAMES W. OSBORNE RUFUS BARRINGER

OSBORNE & BARRINGER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

April 27-d6t-sw2m*

WANTED

GOLD, COPPER and other mineral Lands, located in Virginia, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Tennessee. Parties desiring to sell lands or mining leases as above, at fair prices, will find purchasers by furnishing me full descriptions, with lowest price and terms. Address

JOHN P. PICKRELL,
No. 64 Broadway, New York City.
April 28-sw1m

MULE STOLEN!

From my Stables, on the night of the 28th, a dark BAY HORSE MULE mane and tail mutilated, a little above average size. No other particular mark, except from the Traces.

I will give a liberal reward for the recovery of the Mule, and a more liberal reward for the Mule and the Thief together.

Near Franklinton, P. C. PERSONS.
April 30-1w*

BOARDING HOUSE!

MRS. M. J. FENTRESS

CAN accommodate members of the Convention and other regular boarders at

$1.50 PER DAY,

Those who reside in the city will find it convenient to business and can procure board at

$1.00 PER DAY.

April 30-tf

PEACE INSTITUTE!

There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Peace Institute at the office of Dr. W. R. Miller, above Creech's Store, on Wednesday, May 2nd., at 4 o'clock P. M.

Those who cannot attend are requested to be represented by proxy

April 24 1w

N. C. Presbyterian copy once and forward bill.

VALUABLE TOWN LOT IN RALEIGH

FOR SALE AT AUCTION!

ON Friday May 4th, 1866, I will offer for sale, at auction, that valuable lot owned by me on the burnt square, Fayetteville Street, and known in the plan of the City as No. 114.

The auction will take place on the spot, at which time terms will be made known.

SAML. ROWLAND
April 26-td.

MAGGIEL'S CHILLS AND FEVER PILLS!

Maggiel's Fever and Ague Pills!!

MAGGIEL'S FEVER AND AGUE

PILLS!!

THESE famous remedies, known throughout the great West of the United States for their extraordinary cures of

CHILLS, FEVER AND AGUE

are now thoroughly introduced in the State of North Carolina, and can be obtained of all enterprising, first class druggists

They act as a tonic to all debilitated systems, taken in doses of

One Pill Three Times A Day.

before meals, and should be found in every family residing in miasmatic districts.

To any skeptic or one who does not believe in these marvelous preparations,

A Box Will be sent Free

If he is not cured with one and not more than two boxes, no charge will be made. The price of the Pills is high—say

$2 PER BOX:

but as they are a perfect cure without trouble or inconvenience, the charge is reasonable enough.

Address J. MAGGIEL, M. D., 43 Fulton St. New York.

CAUTION.

Watch narrowly and guard yourselves vigilantly against counterfeits. I have just suppressed a notorious counterfeit in Wisconsin, after much trouble and expense. Purchase of only first class druggists and never of peddlers or traveling dealers.

April 21-4m

A BOON TO THE SICK. AND THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD.

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS AND SALVE.

These Life-giving remedies are now given publicly to the world. For over a quarter of a century of private practice the ingredients in these

LIFE-GIVING PILLS!

Have been used with the greatest success. Their mission is not only to prevent disease, but to cure. They search out the various maladies by which the patient is suffering and re-invigorate the failing system. To the aged and infirm a few doses of these valuable PILLS will prove to be

A VERY FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH,

For in every case they add new life and vitality, and restore the waning energies to their pristine state.—To the young and middle-aged they will prove most invaluable, as a ready, specific and powerful medicine Here is a dream realized, that Ponce de Leon sought for three hundred years ago, and never found. He looked for a fountain that would restore the old to vigor and make youth ever

An Eternal Spring!

It was left for this day and hour to realize the dream, and show in one glorious fact, that magic that made it fair.

THESE FAMOUS REMEDIES

Cannot stay the flight of years, but they can force back, and hold aloof, diseases that might triumph over the aged and the young. Let none hesitate then but seize the favorable opportunity the offers. When taken as prescribed—

FOR BILLIOUS DISORDERS

Nothing can be more productive of cure than these Pills. Their almost magic influence is felt at once; and the usual concomitants of this most distressing disease are removed. These remedies are made from the purest

VEGETABLE COMPOUNDS.

They will not harm the most delicate female, and can be given with good effect in prescribed doses to the youngest babe.

FOR CUTANEOUS DISORDERS

And all eruptions of the skin, the SALVE is most invaluable. It does not heal externally alone, but penetrates with the most searching effects to the very root of the evil!

DR. MAGGIEL'S PILLS.

Invariably cure the following Diseases.

Asthma,
Bowel Complaints,
Coughs,
Colds,
Chest Diseases
Costiveness,
Dyspepsia,
Diarrhœa,
Dropsy,
Debility,
Female Complaints, Fever and Ague
Headache,
Indigestion,
Influenza,
Inflammation,
Inward weakness,
Liver Complaint,
Lowness of Spirits,
Ringworm,
Rheumatism,
Salt Rheum,
Scalds,
Skin Diseases.

☞ **Notice.**—None genuine without the engraved trade mark around each pot or box, signed by DR J MAGGIEL, 43 Fulton st., New York, to counterfeit which is felony.

☞ Sold by all respectable Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States and Canadas—at 25 cents per box or pot

April 19-tf

HART & LEWIS,

44 Fayetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

AGENTS FOR

"STEWART'S EXTENSION TOP,"

"QUEEN OF THE SOUTH,"

AND

"Western Empire" Cooking Stoves.

J. BROWN.
April 9 204-3m With HART & LEWIS.

THE MOST POPULAR BOOK OF PIANOFORTE INSTRUCTION IS RICHARDSON'S NEW METHOD,

HAVING A REGULAR SALE OF

Twenty-five Thousand Copies a Year.

It is superior in excellence to all other "Methods" and **The book that every pupil needs** for the acquirement of a thorough knowledge of Pianoforte playing! It is adapted to all Grades of Tuition, from the Rudimental Studies of the youngest, to the Studies and Exercises of Advanced Pupils. Two editions are published, one adapting American, the other Foreign Fingering. When the work is ordered, if no preference is designated, the edition with American Fingering will be sent.

☞ Be sure that in ordering it you are particular in specifying the "New Method." Price $3 75. Mailed, post-paid.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Publishers, 277 Washington Street, Boston.

April 18 4t.

J. MITCHELL, GEO. ALLEN, D. F. CARRINGTON

NORTH CAROLINA

AGRICULTURAL HOUSE AND HARDWARE STORE.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,

23 *Pollock Street*, *Newbern, N. C.*
Water Street, *Wilmington*, "

KEEP a large and carefully selected stock of

Farmers',
Millers',
Builders',
Mechanics', and
Housekeepers' Tools,

AND OTHER

Hardware
Agricultural Implements
Leather and Rubber Belting
Rope,
Saddlery,
Iron,
Steel, &c., &c.

and can furnish at short notice, any kind of

Machinery or Castings

Agents for

R. Hoe & Co.'s Circular Saws,
Fairbank's Scales,
Evans & Watson's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes,

which we sell at manufacturers' prices.

We invite particular attention to our stock and feel confident that our facilities and experience will enable us to offer superior inducements to purchasers.

Jan 30 155 tf.

A. A. WILLARD,

Formerly of Washington, N. C., late of Greensboro', N. C.,

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

Groceries and General Merchandize,

FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 3 North Water Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

REFER TO

Rev. C. H. Wiley, Superintendent Public Schools for the State, Greensboro, N. C.
Jesse H. Lindsay, Esq., Cashier Bank of Cape Fear Greensboro
Rev W. E. Pell, Editor of Sentinel, Raleigh.
Joseph Potts, Esq., Washington, N. C
Messrs James Turner & Sons, Baltimore.
Messrs. Dowdy, Gomez & Co., New York.
Wilmington, Jan 9, 1 7 6m.

Personal attention given to the sale or shipment of

Cotton, Naval Stores, &c.

All produce, consigned to me for shipment, to Messrs Dowdy, Gomez & Co., New York, will be insured from the point of shipment—parties advising me as soon as the goods are sent forward.

MERCHANDIZE

received and forwarded with promptness and at moderate charges.

A full supply of

GROCERIES,

kept constantly in store, which will be sold at low figures for cash

Agent for the sale of Marvin & Co.'s celebrated

FIRE AND BURGLAR-PROOF PAPER,

with Marvin's Patent Powder-proof Lock.—Key weighing only one quarter of an ounce. These Safes are *warranted* free from dampness, and are sold at manufacturer's prices, and will be forwarded through Wilmington without charge for storage or forwarding.

75 Bales of Cotton Yarn, and 4-4 Brown Sheeting,

for sale. Address, A. A. WILLARD,
Wilmington, N. C
January 26, 142, 6m.

WHO WANTS A PIANO?

SEVERAL Patrons of the Concord Female College have requested my aid in securing good

PIANOS

for their use. This has induced me to make arrangements with some of the best manufacturers which enable me to furnish instruments of the *first class* at reduced prices. I can save such purchaser from $50 to $100. Price lists of the manufacturers will be sent to those who desire them, to aid them in making selections.

When selections shall have been made the money can be sent to me at my expense, by the Southern Express, and a Piano will be shipped to the Depot the purchaser may designate Each Piano sold will be fully warranted. Address me at Statesville, N. C.

J. M. M. CALDWELL.
April 27-1aw6m.

An Act to regulate the terms of the Supreme Court and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, as follows:

SEC 1 That the terms of the Supreme Court shall be hereafter held in the City of Raleigh twice in each year, beginning on the second Monday of January and June instead of the terms now prescribed by law.

SEC 2 Causes depending in said Court, which have been discontinued, in consequence of the failure of the Judges to hold any of its regular terms, shall be reinstated on the docket by the Clerk.

SEC 3. The publication of this act in some newspaper published in the City of Raleigh, for six successive weeks after its ratification, shall be deemed notice to the parties, their Agents and Attorneys

SEC 4 This act shall be in force, from and after its ratification

Ratified the 10th, day of March A. D. 1866

S. F. PHILLIPS S. H. C.
C. S. WINSTEAD, S. S.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this Office

Given under my hand this 16th, day of March A. D. 1866

R. W. BEST,
Secty of State

March 17-185 6w.

B. W. CONANT, Portsmouth, Va., J. B. HUNTER, Granville Co., N. C.

E. R. HUNTER,

WITH

CONANT & HUNTER,

General Commission Merchants

No. 56 High st., Portsmouth, Va.

We are located at the terminus of the seaboard & Roanoke, R. R., where we are at all times in readiness to receive consignments of Produce, Merchandize &c., fill orders and forward goods

Liberal advances made on consignment. Charges moderate

Direct shipments made to Liverpool or any European port

REFER TO: R. W. Lassiter, President R. & G. R. R. Co. Albert Sen, Supt R. & G. R. Co., and W. L. Pell, Editor Sentinel.

April 13m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Will be sold to the highest bidder on Saturday, the 19th May next, that valuable property belonging to the late firm of Bell, Mauer & Co. The lot will be divided into two, one of which has that large and commodious Store and Ware House. The other has no improvement, but is most eligibly situated for building purposes. Each lot will be sold separately.

Further particulars and term made known on the day of sale.

JNO. P. McAULIFFE,
Agent of Bell, Mauer & Co.
Enfield, N. C. April 23rd.

A CARD.

THE SUBSCRIBER MAY BE FOUND WITH his Law Office, No. 44 Fayetteville Street. He respectfully invites his old customers and the public to the extensive assortment of NAILS, SHELF CUTLERY & HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS now in store

J. BROWN.

No. 44, FAYETTEVILLE STREET,
RALEIGH, N. C.

SPRING TRADE 1866.

LARGE ADDITIONS TO OUR STOCK OF

Miscellaneous Hardware.

WOOD WARE.

CROCKERY, GLASS & CHINA WARE,
HOLLOW WARE,
TIN WARE,
SWEDES & AMERICAN IRON,
STEEL,
A COMMANDING STOCK OF BUGGY MATERIALS.
LAMPS, LANTERNS,
LAMP WICKS & CHIMNEYS,
KEROSENE OIL,
WHITE LEAD & OTHER PAINTS,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
LINSEED OIL,
WINDOW GLASS FROM 8 x 10 to 30 x 36,
PUTTY,
AN EXTENSIVE STOCK OF BUILDERS MATERIALS,
LOCKS & NAILS,
FAMILY GROCERIES, &
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
TWENTY COOKING STOVES OF VARIOUS APPROVED PATTERNS,
PLATED KNIVES,
FORKS,
TEA & DINNER SPOONS,

Call and examine our stock,

J. BROWN,
With HART & LEWIS.

Raleigh, April 9-204-3m

SPRING GOODS

KELLOGG WHEELER & CO.

Would respectfully call attention to their New Stock of

Spring And Summer.

DRESS GOODS.

Ladies Trimmed Hats.
Bonnets, Shawls, Balmorals,
White Goods, Hoop Skirts,
Hosiery, Insertings,
Edgings, Laces &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Boots, Shoes and Hats,
JEANS, TWEEDS AND SATINETTS,
Sugar, Coffee and Tea.

Bourbon Whiskey, French Brandy and Holland Gin.

Raleigh N. C.

March 20-187-tf

HAVENS & LATHAM,

SOUTH EAST CORNER OF CRAVEN AND SOUTH FRONT STS.,
NEWBERN, N. C.,

Solicit consignments of
COTTON YARNS,
DRIED FRUIT, &c.,

and will give particular attention to the purchasing and shipping all kinds of GRAIN. Orders from the West will receive their prompt attention

☞ Refer to

MITCHELL & ALLEN,
Newbern, N. C.
W. B. GULICK,
PULASKI COWPER,
R. S. TUCKER,
Raleigh, N. C.
D. W. C. BENBOW,
JNO. SLOAN,
Greensboro, N. C.
HENRY TATE,
Charlotte N. C.
BROWN & MOTT,
Salisbury, N. C.
F. D. STOCKTON,
Statesville, N. C.

Newbern, March 20-187-3m.

UNDERTAKER,

AND

CABINET MAKER.

The undersigned thankful for the patronage already received from the people of Raleigh and the vicinity, begs leave to inform his customers and the public that he has removed his business to the shop lately occupied by Mr. John Myatt, near the Masonic Lodge, where he will promptly attend to all business in his line.

N. B. He desires also to sell his shop, with a quarter of an acre of land attached, which he lately occupied on Blount Street.

April 14, 2w. HENRY J. BROWN.

FOR SALE.

A RESIDENCE IN CHAPEL HILL.

It is a very handsome place in the Western part of the village. The dwelling house was built, a few years ago, by Mrs. M. C. South-rland, its former owner and is large and roomy, having eight rooms and a passage. Appurtenant are all the necessary out buildings, and five acres of land.

The property will be sold cheap and the terms made accommodating.

Those wishing to purchase, can apply to KEMP P. BATTLE, Esq., at Raleigh, he being my agent for the sale.

A. J. DeROSSET,
Wilmington N. C.

April 5-201-2w

Standard copy two weeks.

RALEIGH AND GASTON R. R. CO.,

SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, N. C., April 19 1866.

Trains run as follows:

Passenger Train Leave Raleigh 4.30 A. M.,
" " Arrive at Weldon, 11.00 "
" " Leave Weldon 1.30 P. M.
" " Arrive at Raleigh 8.30 P. M.

Freight & Accommodation Trains Leave Raleigh, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7.00 A. M.
Arrive at Weldon, 5.00 P. M.
Leave Weldon on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5.00 A. M.
Arrive at Raleigh 4.00 P. M.

ALBERT JOHNSON,
Genl. Supt.

April 23-tf

Standard and Progress copy till forbid.

NEWSPAPER OFFICE FOR SALE.

We will sell at a very low figure a newspaper office for a weekly paper 24x36. The press and material are new, having been used in it only about sixty days.

Address HZARNE & DUNHAM,
Editors North Carolinian,
Wilson, N. C.

April 24-tf

REMOVAL!

NEW STOCK!
NEW STORE!

SPLENDID LIGHT!

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT AND THE Lowest prices are the Great Inducements For Buying your

DRY GOODS,

AT

THOMAS SMITH'S NEW STORE,
25 Sycamore Street.

1866. SPRING TRADE. 1866.

IN OPENING THE

SPRING TRADE,

I would return my most grateful thanks to the citizens of Petersburg and the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage extended the past season, and hope to merit its further continuance by holding out still further inducements.

My present facilities are beyond doubt unequalled, and no effort will be spared to place before our patrons Goods

AT THE LOWEST PRICE,

that the present market value will admit of, and in many instances much below, as we are constantly represented at the large auction sales, where goods are frequently sold much less than cost of importation. These, with

Many Other Available Facilities,

I pledge myself to use to the best interest of our customers.

The stock is now much larger and better assorted than at any time previous, having added a complete assortment of

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

Among them the most elegant —
Satin Damask,
Lace and Muslin Curtains,
Wine Cloths,
Piano and Table Covers,
Stair Linen,
Linen Druggets,
Table Linen,
Napkins, Doilies,
Towels, Crash

—ALSO—

WHITE GOODS,

Of which I have always kept a good stock, is now replete with everything the market affords. Besides, a very handsome stock of

Needlework,
Edgings, Insertings,
Laces and Embroideries.

THE STOCK OF

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Must be seen to be appreciated. I therefore invite all to an inspection, and in entering so well for the ladies, I would assure the gentlemen they have not been forgotten. The assortment of

Cloths,
Cassimeres,
—AND—
Furnishing Goods Generally,

Is complete, and it is hoped those in want of goods of this class will not fail to give us a call

To the Mercenaria of

Virginia and North Carolina,

who have so liberally patronized us the past season, I return my most grateful thanks, and solicit an early call assuring them they will find our goods at as low prices as any house North or South.

THOMAS SMITH,
25 Sycamore Street,
Petersburg, Va.

I have secured the Agency for the States of Virginia and North Carolina, for the sale of the

FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

It is undoubtedly the best Family Sewing Machine in existence.

Read the following recommendations:

1st.

Its Simplicity and Great Range of Work.

2nd.

Its making four different Stitches, viz: Lock, Knot Double Lock, Double Knot.

3rd.

The Reverse Feed Motion, operated by simply turning a thumb screw, enabling the operator to run the work to the right or to the left, and convenience of self-fastening the ends of seams.

4th.

The Perfect Finish and substantial manner in which the machine is made

5th.

The Rapidity of its Working, and the quality of the work done

6th.

Its Self Adjusting Tension.

It makes the

Celebrated Elastic Stitch.

BUY THE BEST!

LOOK BEFORE YOU BUY!!

IT MAKES

NO NOISE WHILE RUNNING

☞ One thing is settled beyond a doubt: persons wanting **Sewing Machines**, no longer hesitate which to buy. The **FLORENCE** leads the world It needs only to be seen to be appreciated

AGENTS WANTED,

In every town in Virginia and North Carolina

March 17-174-tf

WILLIAM WEDDELL, ALEX. W. WEDDELL

WM. WEDDELL & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, of Every Description.
113 Sycamore Street,
PETERSBURG, VA.

Orders from our friends in North Carolina will be carefully filled and promptly forwarded. Merchants requiring our services will be accommodated upon reasonable terms.

Feb 17, 161, 3m

WATSON'S GALLERY!

PHOTOGRAPHS—THE ART CONTINUES TO IMPROVE.

I HAVE the pleasure to announce to the citizens of Raleigh, and North Carolina, that, in addition to the many beautiful styles of Photographs, that I am now making that most beautiful of all pictures,

PORCELAIN,

or Albatype. They are as fine as ivory paintings.—Call and examine specimens.

Raleigh, April 5-201-tf J. W. WATSON.

Wilder's Patent Salamander Safes,
WITH WILDER' PATENT POWDER AND BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS.

B. G. WILDER & CO.,
PATENTEES AND MANUFACTURERS OF
THE BEST FIRE PROOF SAFE IN THE WORLD!!

JEWELERS' and BANKERS' SAFES made to Order, Lined with Hardened Steel.
HOUSE AND PLATE SAFES.

TO THIS CELEBRATED SAFE was awarded the GOLD MEDAL, at the World's Fair in London, in 1851.

NOTICE.—This celebrated Fire Proof safe is no longer made and sold by SILAS C. HERRING, his license to make and sell them having expired.

The thousands of Certificates from Merchants, Bankers and Mechanics of all trades, that have been given in favor of this the only true "SALAMANDER" renders it useless for the subscribers to multiply words to its favor, as full thirty thousand of "WILDER'S PATENT SALAMANDER SAFES," have been manufactured and sold in the United States; and, in almost every large fire that has taken place during the last seventeen years, these Safes have been subjected to the severest tests, and *not one of the 'Genuine Salamanders" has ever been destroyed.* Safes sold at New York price, with the freight to Wilmington added No commission charged in Wilmington. We are prepared to take orders for these celebrated Safes. samples can be seen at our office in a few days.

Every Merchant should have one of these cheap and secure Safes.

ANDREWS & BARDIN,
Commission Merchants,
General Agents for North Carolina.
Office, No. 5 South Water Street (Up Stairs Wilmington, N. C.

Dec. 4-10 -tf.

MAKE YOUR OWN SOAP,

By Saving and Using your Waste Grease.

BUY ONE BOX OF THE
PENNSYLVANIA SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY'S

SAPONIFIER,

Or, CONCENTRATED LYE.

IT will make 10 pounds of excellent Hard Soap, or 25 gallons of the very best Soft Soap, for only about 25 cents. Directions on each box For sale at all Drug and Grocery stores, and in lots at wholesale by

WM. M. ELLICOTT & SONS,
No. 3 Spear's Wharf,
Baltimore Md.

Feb 28, 170, 3m

RALEIGH, 1866.

LIFE INSURANCE NOTICE.

THE old and well established

Ætna Company, of Hartford,

Offers superior inducements to all who wish to provide for family or friends.

All losses are promptly paid. No case of litigation has ever occurred with this Company. With assetts of $2,300,000, it offers to receive one half of the premium in a note and half in cash, and, after the second year, to credit each customer with the dividends of the Company, which are now 50 per cent. With a small outlay, $5000, or $10,000 or $20,000, may be secured to the family after their earthly providers are taken away. What father or husband would not feel thankful on his dying couch, that he had availed himself of every proper means to place those nearest and dearest to him, also other pinchings of want, and a life of dependence upon friends or charity? 8,819 policies have been issued from the office ending Jan. 15, 1866. The total income for the year 1865 was $1,683,339 57; total disbursements $527,805 24, leaving a balance to surplus fund of $1,155,234 33.

In Raleigh a large number have liberally responded and promptly acted in this matter; yet many delay, and may wait until it is too late. A man in this city has ever been more grateful than he is this evening, lately left his place of business for his evening meal, well and healthy, but never reached that home except as he was carried there to die. Had that man taken the advice of the Agent, he might have left $5000 to minds in the land—men competent to detect and expose any deception if it existed.

W. H. CROW, Gen. State Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

W. B. GULICK, Local Ag't, "
N. H. B. WILSON, Greensboro.
C. W. DOWNING, Charlotte.
JOHN C. SLOCUMB, Goldsboro.
MITCHELL & ALLEN, Newbern.
J. A. WILLARD, Wilmington

Jan 27, 142, 3m

JONES' HAIR RESTORER.

FOR

Preserving, Beautifying and Preventing The Hair from Falling off.

Made and sold by

JOHN A JONES,
Barber and Practical Hair Dresser.

March 23, 179, 1m Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.

10,000 lbs. Old Steel in lots to suit farmers for plantation work, as cheap or cheaper than Iron and much better.

Apply to
J. C. R LITTLE, Store Keeper.
Raleigh, April 9 tf ALBERT JOHNSON,
Gen'l Sup't R. & G R R. Co

Standard and Progress copy tf

IMPORTANT SANITARY NOTICE.

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, April 18, 1866.

The attention of the Citizens of Raleigh is respectfully called to the following ordinance:

Be it ordained by the commissioners of the city of Raleigh:

That it shall be the duty of the city constables, under the direction of the mayor, to investigate the condition of the privies, back yards and other places in the city where filth may exist and notify the owner or tenant of the grounds where the same may be, to cleanse the same and remove said filth, and if within five days after such notification such cleansing and removal shall not be made, the persons in default shall be fined ten dollars, and five dollars additional for each day thereafter during which such nuisance may continue.

By order of the board.
April 20-174 WM. H. HARRISON, Mayor

Fresh Beat Carolina Rice.

30 CASKS prime quality, just received ex-Schooner C. E. Page from Charleston for sale by

O. G. PARSLEY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

March 17-181.

E. H. POGUE,
Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in
TIN WARE,
HILLSBORO, N. C.

Attention of Merchants invited, and orders solicited. WANTED—Two good Tinners. Apply to, or addr as E. H. POGUE,
Hillsboro, N. C.

Feb 22, 165, 3ms.

LORILLARD
FIRE INSRANCE COMPANY,
OF THE CITY OF
NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, $512,000.
C. NORWOOD, Prest, JNO C. MILLS, Sec'y.

EDWARD CANTWELL, AGENT OF THE ABOVE Company for Raleigh and vicinity, will be found at his Law Office in Raleigh, corner of Wilmington and Davie Streets, near Mr George T. Cooke's Hotel

November 22-90-tf.

☞ Standard copy till forbid.

Fire Insurance.

THE GREENSBORO MUTUAL FIRE Insurance COMPANY is now issuing policies of insurance upon Dwelling Houses, Store and Ware Houses, Mills, Factories, Merchandise, &c.

For information or insurance apply to our Agent in your place, or address me at Greensboro, N. C.

N. H. D. WILSON, Pres't.

☞ We wish to appoint local Agents in all the Towns and business neighborhoods of this State. Applicants for agencies will address me as above.

Greensboro, Nov. 11 82-tf.

THE

Underwriters' Agency

OF NEW YORK,

CASH ASSETS,

Three Million Dollars

Issue Policies of

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

Made payable in Gold or Currency.

Negociable and Bankable

CERTIFICATES OF INSURANCE

Are issued by this Association.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., Agents.
RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 16. 86—tf.

THE RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF
NORTH CAROLINA,

RALEIGH, N. C.
UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY & FINANCIAL AGENT

Authorized September 12th, 1865.

DIRECTORS:

Geo. W. Swepson, *Pres't.* C. P. Mendenhall,
Jos. S. Cannon, *Vice Pres't.* Jo. W. Holden.
W. B Gulick, *Cashier.*

This Bank is now open for the transaction of Banking business.

Gold and Silver Coin, Domestic Exchange, and United States, State and local Securities bought and sold

Uncurrent money discounted on the most favorable terms. Deposites received and careful attention paid to the accounts of business men and firms

Collections made at all points in the State of North Carolina

56-1y

RELIABLE SOUTHERN INSURANCE

THE NATIONAL MARINE & FIRE

Insurance Company,

OF
New Orleans, Lousiana
CAPITAL - - $555 000

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG LEAVE TO INFORM the public that he has been legally appointed Agent for the above-named Company and is now ready to take risks at customary rates.

This Company was organized in January, 1865, and its assets are the most secure in the country.

Sub-Agents will be appointed in the following counties, viz: Franklin, Warren, Nash, Granville, Johnson and Orange.

Raleigh, Nov. 3 74 tf. L. W. PECK, Agent.

SALISBURY BRASS BAND

REORGANIZED 1st January, 1866, on a larger scale than formerly, under the direction of its former tutor, W. H. NEAVE, who was also chief music writer and Band Teacher in Gen. Lee's army. He will be assisted in leadship and direction by his brother, Ed. Neave, leader during the entire late war of Gen. Lee's best and most favorite band, viz: 4th N. C. The Band is composed of the best members of the old Band together with the best members of several of the fine Bands trained by W. H. Neave, in camps, who have moved to Salisbury from all points in the State to follow their respective vocations and continue the study and practice of music. This Band will be a permanent institution for all State and festive occasions, and will equal the best to be found in the world, if sustained by those desiring a fine order of Brass and String music; if not, it must go down after this year.

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March 15. 183, tf

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November 29, 1865 96 6ms

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March 31-197 tf

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My late residence, at the South end of Main Street remarkably handsome, pleasant, and commodious.

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Immediate possession and a reasonable credit will be given.

The lots may be seen at any time.

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Nov 16 85-tf

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April 16 tf B. P WILLIAMSON & CO.

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March 13, 181, 3ms

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